COUNTY OF SISKIYOU

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



CLAconnect.com

WEALTH ADVISORY
OUTSOURCING
AUDIT, TAX, AND
CONSULTING

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

County Officials	3
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	7
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Activities	23
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	26
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	30
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	32
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	38
Statement of Cash Flows	40
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	44
Statement of Changes in Net Position	45
Notes to Financial Statements	46
Required Supplementary Information:	
County Pension Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	88

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

County Pension Plans – Schedule of Contributions	90
County Pension Plan – Notes to the County Pension Plan	91
County OPEB Plan – Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	92
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	93
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Road	94
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Human Services	95
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Behavioral Health Services	96
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Housing and Community Development Block Grant Fund	97
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Public Health Fund	98
Other Supplementary Information:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	103
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	104
Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	112
Capital Projects Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	118
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	119
Debt Service Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	120
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	121

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	122
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net	4.0.0
Position	126
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	128
Fiduciary Funds: Investment Trust Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	132
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position	134
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities	136

137

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COUNTY OFFICIALS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Supervisor, District 1
Supervisor, District 2
Supervisor, District 3
Supervisor, District 3
Supervisor, District 4
Supervisor, District 4
Supervisor, District 5

Assessor/Recorder Craig Kay
Auditor-Controller Jennie Ebejer
County Clerk Laura Bynum
Coroner/Sheriff Jon Lopey
District Attorney J. Kirk Andrus
Treasurer-Tax Collector Wayne Hammar

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS/ADMINISTRATORS

Agricultural Commissioner James E. Smith Administrative Office/Grand Jury Terry Barber **General Services** Scott Waite Chief Probation Officer Allison Giannini Child Support Services Gary Sams Community Development/Environmental Health Vacant County Counsel Edward J. Kiernan County Librarian Michael Perry Farm Advisor Rob Wilson Health and Human Services Agency Sarah Collard, Ph. D. Lisa Gioia Museum Curator Fire Warden Phillip Anzo Public Defender Lael Kayfetz Public Works Director Scott Waite Veteran's Service Officer Thomas Jackson

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Supervisors and Grand Jury County of Siskiyou Yreka, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Siskiyou (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the STAGE fund, an enterprise fund of the County, which represents 30.43%, 183.31% and 41.31%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the STAGE fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes



evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, County Pension Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, County Pension Plan – Schedule of Contributions, Notes to County Pension Plan, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Supervisors and Grand Jury County of Siskiyou

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California March 27, 2020

As management of the County of Siskiyou, we offer readers of the County of Siskiyou's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Siskiyou for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County of Siskiyou exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,632,846 (net position). Of this amount \$83,100,067 is invested in capital assets net of related debt, \$20,646,109 is restricted for specific purposes and a negative \$122,379,022 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$4,549,888. This decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in accounts payable and long term liabilities and the GASB 68 and 75 which required the County to report our pension liability and OPEB as well as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County of Siskiyou's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,296,510 an increase of \$4,085,459 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 70.86% of this total amount, \$38,476,713 is available for spending at the government's discretion (committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance), which represents a 22% increase over last year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,510,681 and non-spendable fund balance of \$1,263. The committed portion of fund balance is \$1,256,498 the restricted portion of fund balance is \$3,984,173, for a total general fund balance of \$9,850,699.
- The County of Siskiyou's total governmental activities debt increased by \$1,154,748. Of that amount, the County recorded an increase in the Behavioral Health estimated repayment liability of \$316,795 and an increased in estimated claims liability of \$1,760,749. The County's governmental activities debt consists of revenue bonds for Carrick Water in CSA#5, pension obligation bonds used for the advance pay of employee pension obligations, loans from California Infrastructure Bank for construction of a 40 bed juvenile hall facility, capitalized leased equipment, and the liability for compensated absences. Compensated absences will vary from year to year based on employee use of vacation and comp time and total number of employees. Business type debt consists of a California Infrastructure loan to finance landfill closures and transfer station construction as well as the closure/post closure debt, and the liability for compensated absences related to business type activities. Business-type debt consists of a total increase of \$1,385,228. The increase in debt was primarily due to an engineer's report being complete which increased future liability for the landfills.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Siskiyou's basic financial statements. The County of Siskiyou's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Siskiyou's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the County of Siskiyou's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County of Siskiyou is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. (E.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County of Siskiyou that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Siskiyou include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation and cultural services. The business-type activities of the County of Siskiyou include Sanitation, Siskiyou Transit and General Express, Aviation, and Septage Receiving Facility operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Siskiyou itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units that are blended into the reporting activities of the County. These component units are the Flood Control and Water Conversation District, Air Pollution Control District, Local Transportation Administration, Regional Transportation Planning, County Service Areas #3, #4, and #5, Lake Siskiyou Hydroelectric Project and Siskiyou Association of Governmental Entities. These component units are included in the County's financial reporting because of the significance of their financial or operational relationship and their mutual governing body.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Siskiyou, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County of Siskiyou can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Siskiyou maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, Road, Human Services, Behavioral Health Services, HCD Block Grants, and Public Health. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County of Siskiyou adopts an annual appropriate budget for its General fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. The County of Siskiyou maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Siskiyou uses enterprise funds to account for STAGE (Siskiyou Transportation and General Express), Sanitation, Aviation, and Septage Receiving Facilities operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Siskiyou's various functions. The County of Siskiyou uses internal service funds to account for Fuel Services, Communications, Auto Services, and a variety of insurances, such as Risk Management-Liability, Risk Management-Unemployment, Risk Management-Worker's Compensation, Vision, and Dental. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Siskiyou Transportation and General Express (STAGE), Sanitation, Aviation, and Septage Receiving Facilities operations fund that are considered major funds of the County of Siskiyou. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Siskiyou's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County of Siskiyou's progress in developing, executing and monitoring its budgeting processes.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Net Position					
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets: Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 69,649,338 77,980,563 147,629,901	\$ 64,087,444 77,251,296 141,338,740	\$ 11,043,879 6,684,933 17,728,812	\$ 10,486,122 6,485,540 16,971,662	\$ 80,693,217 84,665,496 165,358,713	\$ 74,573,566 83,736,836 158,310,402
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,773,364	18,088,703	358,620	497,168	12,131,984	18,585,871
Liabilities: Current and Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Obligation Total Liabilities	7,099,974 31,640,710 85,557,780 43,952,109 168,250,573	5,298,797 30,485,963 84,756,646 45,639,903 166,181,309	379,111 14,648,963 2,536,469 1,494,574 19,059,117	247,884 13,263,738 2,492,226 1,358,097 17,361,945	7,479,085 46,289,673 88,094,249 45,446,683 187,309,690	5,546,681 43,749,701 87,248,872 46,998,000 183,543,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,534,638	7,230,469	279,215	205,508	8,813,853	7,435,977
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	76,415,134 20,593,508	75,517,316 24,090,563	6,684,933 52,601	6,485,540 45,756	83,100,067 20,646,109	82,002,856 24,136,319
Unrestricted	(114,390,588)	(113,592,214)	(7,988,434)	(6,629,919)	(122,379,022)	(120,222,133)
Total Net Position	\$ (17,381,946)	\$ (13,984,335)	\$ (1,250,900)	\$ (98,623)	\$ (18,632,846)	\$ (14,082,958)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County of Siskiyou, liabilities and deferred inflows exceed assets and deferred outflows by \$18,632,846 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the County of Siskiyou's Governmental Activities net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Over all, net investment in capital assets, net of related debt increased from \$82,002,856 at June 30, 2018, to \$83,100,067 at June 30, 2019. The County of Siskiyou uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the County of Siskiyou's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital asset cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.

An additional portion of the County of Siskiyou's net position of \$20,646,109 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit is unrestricted net position (\$122,379,022), which is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Siskiyou reports deficit net position for both its governmental activities and business type activities.

	Changes in Net Position					
	Governmen	tal Activities		pe Activities	To	otal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charge for Services Operating Grants and	\$ 7,545,599	\$ 10,538,173	\$ 2,718,544	\$ 2,468,660	\$ 10,264,143	\$ 13,006,833
Contributions Capital Grants and	65,526,364	62,000,093	1,993,861	1,830,955	67,520,225	63,831,048
Contributions General Revenues:	2,017,671	-	-	-	2,017,671	-
Property Taxes	12,498,668	12,197,961	-	-	12,498,668	12,197,961
Sales and Use Taxes	5,974,884	5,984,491	-	-	5,974,884	5,984,491
Other Taxes Interest and Investment	1,729,542	1,939,829	-	-	1,729,542	1,939,829
Earnings	5,494,937	1,822,872	354,893	(37,148)	5,849,830	1,785,724
Miscellaneous	725,775	789,910	2,580	(10,032)	728,355	779,878
Total Revenues	101,513,440	95,273,329	5,069,878	4,252,435	106,583,318	99,525,764
Expenses:						
General Government	9,010,616	9,496,110	_	_	9,010,616	9,496,110
Public Protection	37,328,918	38,870,547	_	_	37,328,918	38,870,547
Public Ways and Facilities	13,458,946	13,886,285	_	_	13,458,946	13,886,285
Health and Welfare	18,970,245	20,026,054	_	_	18,970,245	20,026,054
Public Assistance	24,325,612	24,702,961	_		24,325,612	24,702,961
Education	793,277	880,022	_	_	793,277	880,022
Culture and Recreation	142,405	155,458	-	-	142,405	155,458
			-	-		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	910,239	933,381	2 520 055	2 404 472	910,239	933,381
STAGE	-	-	2,530,055	2,481,472	2,530,055	2,481,472
Sanitation	-	-	3,147,451	421,246	3,147,451	421,246
Aviation	-	-	330,113	359,319	330,113	359,319
Septage Receiving Facility	101010050	100.050.010	185,329	1,697	185,329	1,697
Total Expenses	104,940,258	108,950,818	6,192,948	3,263,734	111,133,206	112,214,552
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(3,426,818)	(13,677,489)	(1,123,070)	988,701	(4,549,888)	(12,688,788)
Transfers	29,207	18,713	(29,207)	(18,713)		
Change in Net Position	(3,397,611)	(13,658,776)	(1,152,277)	969,988	(4,549,888)	(12,688,788)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(13,984,335)	19,681,129	(98,623)	(376,571)	(14,082,958)	19,304,558
Prior Period Adjustment		(20,006,688)		(692,040)		(20,698,728)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (17,381,946)	\$ (13,984,335)	\$ (1,250,900)	\$ (98,623)	\$ (18,632,846)	\$ (14,082,958)

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$3,397,611.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$1,152,277.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for budgeting purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,296,510 an increase of \$4,085,459 in comparison with the prior year.

No major governmental funds reflected deficit fund balances at year end.

The following non-major governmental funds reflected deficit fund balances at year-end:

• The Planning Projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$10,967, which will need to be covered by the Planning-Indemnification Agreement Fund.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The enterprise funds have net position of (\$1,250,900). Of the enterprise funds, STAGE has shown a decrease of \$456,667 in net position and a \$2,374,849 operating loss. Non-operating revenues of \$1,939,091 from a variety of sources help to cover this loss. The Aviation fund has reflected a \$200,558 operating loss and \$43,110 in non-operating revenues.

Sanitation has reflected a change in net position of \$603,382 for the fiscal year. The final net position amount for the fund is (\$5,299,270). The closure of all landfills within the County has had a significant impact on this fund. This fund will be used to continue the closure/post closure liability costs, and to fund the closure process of the Yreka Landfill cells, and to create a transfer site. Additional funding will be needed to accomplish this goal. Once this site is officially closed, there will be another adjustment to reflect this change in use. The department continues to evaluate the operations for the means to recover from this deficit.

The net position of the internal services funds' decreased from \$1,514,775 to \$791,094. Most of the decrease is related to the following;

• The overall operating expenses exceeded the operating revenues.

The following proprietary funds reflected deficit net position at year-end:

The Sanitation fund had a net position deficit of \$5,299,270, which is expected to be eliminated
in future years through increased user charges and retirement of closure/post closure liability
and related debt payoff.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the recommended budget and the adopted budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$734,990 in miscellaneous decreases in general governmental activities
- \$1,950,648 in decreases allocated to public protection
- \$22,357 in decreases allocated to public assistance
- \$30,220 in decreases allocated to education

While these budgetary changes were the result of anticipating what changes would occur in state funding levels, the following reflects the actual amounts spent compared to adopted budget approval:

- \$3,045,502 under budget in miscellaneous general governmental activities
- \$1,332,433 under budget in public protection
- \$263 under budget in health and welfare
- \$28,707 under budget in public assistance
- \$75,850 under budget in education, culture and recreation, and public ways and facilities.

The final revenues for the General Fund were higher in total than adopted budget estimates by \$388,815.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for these governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$84,665,496 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, bridges, and intangible assets. Currently, all land, buildings and general equipment fixed assets have been appropriately booked under GASB 34 requirements along with their accumulated depreciation.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$46,289,675 of which \$3,605,711 is due within one year and \$42,683,964 is due in more than one year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Siskiyou County experienced approximately a 2.93% growth in assessed value of property this year. However, the Assessor-Recorder recently reported that he is projecting an approximate increase in assessed value for this next year at 3.06%. California's growth has been uneven among regions; Siskiyou County is showing growth, but at a slower pace than other regions. The county continues to experience high pension contribution rates; CalPERS has changed their discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00% for the upcoming fiscal year. The County is continuing to fund the Section 115 Trust for the employer Pension Liability and Other Post Employment Benefit costs that are associated with labor. The California Department of Fish and Game once again paid a small portion of the payment in lieu of taxes that are owed to Siskiyou County. Heal Therapy has a debt obligation to the County of Siskiyou; the Board of Supervisors will need to take formal action regarding this debt.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jennie Ebejer, Siskiyou County Auditor-Controller, 311 Fourth St, Rm 101, Yreka, CA 96097.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Primary Government					
		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Totals
ASSETS					-	
Cash and Investments	\$	55,917,910	\$	9,960,546	\$	65,878,456
Imprest cash		51,350		50		51,400
Restricted Cash		426,126		561,290		987,416
Cash with fiscal agents		2,923,247		53,206		2,976,453
Receivables:				•		
Accounts		1,136,170		24,348		1,160,518
Interest		206,790		36,558		243,348
Taxes		1,513,033		8,511		1,521,544
Intergovernmental		4,265,212		293,478		4,558,690
Prepaid Expenses		3,837				3,837
Inventory		999,249		113,499		1,112,748
Internal Balances		7,607		(7,607)		
Loans Receivable		2,198,807		(1,001)		2,198,807
Capital Assets:		2,100,007				2,100,007
Nondepreciable		9,770,752		1,565,862		11,336,614
Depreciable, Net		68,209,811		5,119,071		73,328,882
Total Assets		147,629,901		17,728,812		165,358,713
		147,029,901		17,720,012		100,300,713
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4 707 000		50.000		4 707 004
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		1,737,926		59,098		1,797,024
Deferred Outflows - Pension		10,035,438		299,522		10,334,960
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		11,773,364		358,620		12,131,984
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		4,225,665		179,818		4,405,483
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		2,075,935		59,185		2,135,120
Accrued Interest Expense		86,743		16,459		103,202
Deposits Payable		426,126		3,000		429,126
Unearned Revenue		285,505		120,649		406,154
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due In One Year		3,501,015		104,696		3,605,711
Due In More Than One Year		28,139,695		1,130,427		29,270,122
Closure Postclosure Costs		-		13,413,840		13,413,840
Net Pension Liability		85,557,780		2,536,469		88,094,249
Net OPEB Liability - Due In One Year		1,332,614		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,332,614
Net OPEB Liability - Due In More Than One Year		42,619,495		1,494,574		44,114,069
Total Liabilities		168,250,573		19,059,117		187,309,690
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		6,576,633		223,636		6,800,269
Deferred Inflows - Pension		1,958,005		55,579		2,013,584
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,534,638		279,215		8,813,853
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		76 /15 12/		6,684,933		92 100 067
Restricted for:		76,415,134		0,004,933		83,100,067
		2 700 505				2 700 505
General Government		3,799,595		-		3,799,595
Public Protection		5,511,380		-		5,511,380
Public Ways and Facilities		1,220,539		52,601		1,273,140
Health and Welfare		6,422,918		-		6,422,918
Public Assistance		3,515,440		-		3,515,440
Education		109,505		-		109,505
Capital Projects		14,131		-		14,131
Unrestricted		(114,390,588)		(7,988,434)		(122,379,022)
Total Net Position	\$	(17,381,946)	\$	(1,250,900)	\$	(18,632,846)

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues				
		Fees, Fines and	Operating	Capital		
	Direct	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 9,010,616	\$ 1,868,522	\$ 11,737,791	\$ -		
Public Protection	37,328,918	4,071,006	8,865,890	28,839		
Health and Welfare	18,970,245	853,699	12,831,399	18,665		
Public Assistance	24,325,612	3,020	21,573,820	-		
Education	793,277	175	78,484	-		
Culture and Recreation	142,405	4,202	-	-		
Public Ways and Facilities	13,458,946	744,975	10,438,980	1,970,167		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	910,239	· -	-	-		
Total Governmental Activities	104,940,258	7,545,599	65,526,364	2,017,671		
Business-Type Activities:						
STAGE	2,530,055	155,206	1,902,698	-		
Sanitation	3,147,451	2,191,819	51,163	-		
Aviation	330,113	129,555	40,000	_		
Septage Receiving Facility	185,329	241,964	-	_		
Total Business-Type Activities	6,192,948	2,718,544	1,993,861			
Total County	\$ 111 133 206	\$ 10.264.143	\$ 67 520 225	\$ 2,017,671		
Total County	\$ 111,133,206	\$ 10,264,143	\$ 67,520,225	\$ 2,017,671		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes
Sales and Use Taxes
Transient Occupancy Taxes

Franchise Taxes Transfer Taxes Other Taxes

Unrestricted Interest and Investment Earnings Tobacco Settlement Miscellaneous Sale of Capital Assets Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Р	rimary Governme	nt
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
A 4 -	•	A 4 -
\$ 4,595,697	\$ -	\$ 4,595,697
(24,363,183)	-	(24,363,183)
(5,266,482)	-	(5,266,482)
(2,748,772)	-	(2,748,772)
(714,618)	-	(714,618)
(138,203)	-	(138,203)
(304,824)	-	(304,824)
(910,239)		(910,239)
(29,850,624)	-	(29,850,624)
	(470.454)	(470 454)
-	(472,151)	(472,151)
-	(904,469)	(904,469)
-	(160,558)	(160,558)
	56,635	56,635
	(1,480,543)	(1,480,543)
(29,850,624)	(1,480,543)	(31,331,167)
(29,030,024)	(1,400,343)	(31,331,107)
12,498,668	-	12,498,668
5,974,884	-	5,974,884
672,626	-	672,626
347,484	-	347,484
262,226	-	262,226
447,206	-	447,206
,		,
5,494,937	354,893	5,849,830
-	-	-
715,066	2,580	717,646
10,709	-	10,709
29,207	(29,207)	-
26,453,013	328,266	26,781,279
(3,397,611)	(1,152,277)	(4,549,888)
(10.05.55-)	/	(4.4.6======
(13,984,335)	(98,623)	(14,082,958)
\$ (17.381.946)	\$ (1,250,900)	\$ (18 632 846)
<u> </u>	Ψ (1,200,000)	<u> </u>

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Road	Human Services
ASSETS	Φ 0.004.050	ф БОО 4 БО 5	Ф 7 .054.054
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,234,353	\$ 5,634,525	\$ 7,254,654
Imprest cash	29,400	5,200	1,550
Restricted cash	426,126	-	-
Cash with fiscal agents	2,034,306	196,407	258,498
Receivables:	004 -0-	40.400	4-0-0
Accounts	361,525	42,430	15,970
Interest	41,744	15,583	23,608
Taxes	532,069		844,469
Intergovernmental	928,232	501,573	183,029
Due from Other Funds	159,958	105,827	47,223
Prepaid Costs	1,263	-	1,143
Loans Receivable	-	-	-
Inventories		885,439	
Total Assets	\$ 12,748,976	\$ 7,386,984	\$ 8,630,144
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	793,046	1,893,202	262,214
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	996,804	222,952	335,396
Deposits Payable	426,126	-	, -
Due to Other Funds	109,816	31,917	97,052
Unearned Revenues	850	-	284,655
Total Liabilities	2,326,642	2,148,071	979,317
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue	571,635	89,751	833
Deferred Housing Loan Payments	, <u> </u>	, -	-
Deferred Business Loan Payments	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	571,635	89,751	833
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	1,263	885,439	1,143
Restricted	3,984,173	350,422	346,385
Committed	1,256,498	5,225	1,550
Assigned	98,084	3,908,076	7,300,916
Unassigned	4,510,681	-	-
Total Fund Balances	9,850,699	5,149,162	7,649,994
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 12,748,976	\$ 7,386,984	\$ 8,630,144

Behavioral Health	HCD Block Grants	Public Health	Other Governmental	Total
\$ 12,145,907 12,800	\$ 1,243,184 -	\$ 4,982,498 2,250	\$ 12,989,887 150	\$ 52,485,008 51,350
207,454	-	63,894	148,199	426,126 2,908,758
9,901 45,006 135,013 1,499,343 27,343	75 4,613 - - 2,720	75,911 17,627 - 959,776 612,674	569,322 46,315 1,482 186,415 770,131	1,075,134 194,496 1,513,033 4,258,368 1,725,876
	2,198,807	1,161	270	3,837 2,198,807 885,439
\$ 14,082,767	\$ 3,449,399	\$ 6,715,791	\$ 14,712,171	\$ 67,726,232
657,986 234,108	- -	72,135 90,468	\$ 414,284 176,063	\$ 4,092,867 2,055,791
128,636 -	29,621	996,121	416,938	426,126 1,810,101 285,505
1,020,730	29,621	1,158,724	1,007,285	8,670,390
1,203,757 - 	787,478 1,411,329	675,549 - -	19,000	2,560,525 787,478 1,411,329
1,203,757	2,198,807	675,549	19,000	4,759,332
3,688,235 11,412 8,158,633 - 11,858,280	1,220,971 - - - - 1,220,971	1,161 201,209 2,652 4,676,496 	270 5,130,914 2,567,004 5,998,665 (10,967) 13,685,886	889,276 14,922,309 3,844,341 30,140,870 4,499,714 54,296,510
\$ 14,082,767	\$ 3,449,399	\$ 6,715,791	\$ 14,712,171	\$ 67,726,232

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 54,296,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets.	77,822,976
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds.	4,759,332
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - other postemployments benefits	9,955,650 1,720,249
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not accrued as a liability in the governmental fund balance sheets.	(86,743)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds Payable Behavioral Health Repayment Liability Loans Payable Capital Leases Compensated Absences Net OPEB Obligation Net Pension Liability	(13,535,804) (11,895,192) (1,296,529) (108,100) (3,023,900) (43,505,056) (84,827,449)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	(1,939,244) (6,509,740)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and equipment maintenance and operations, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position.	791,094_
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (17,381,946)

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General		Road		Human Services
REVENUES	Φ	4.4.000.050	Φ	070.000	Φ	0.004.000
Taxes	\$	14,260,352	\$	272,260	\$	3,204,230
Licenses and Permits		784,250		- 25		-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		1,497,399		25		224 625
Use of Money and Property		597,299		148,177		231,625
Intergovernmental		15,125,915		12,294,495 742,489		21,272,783
Charges for Services Other Revenues		3,093,598		,		1,818 49,687
Total Revenues		564,591 35,923,404		30,242 13,487,688		24,760,143
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		7,892,567		_		_
Public Protection		26,250,209		_		
Health and Welfare		32,337		_		
Public Assistance		287,052		_		22,853,933
Education		819,225		_		22,033,933
Recreation and Culture		129,704		_		_
Public Ways and Facilities		1,243		9,339,545		_
Debt service:		1,243		9,339,343		-
Principal		103,310				
Interest and Other Charges		11,260		-		-
Capital Outlay		450,025		2 404 600		- 142,417
Total Expenditures		35,976,932		3,491,609 12,831,154		22,996,350
·				, ,		, ,
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(53,528)		656,534		1,763,793
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		14,690,646		92,286		262,837
Transfers Out		(16,395,512)		(111,883)		(370,272)
Sale of Capital Assets		8,236		-		1,100
Issued Debt		-		_		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,696,630)		(19,597)		(106,335)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(1,750,158)		636,937		1,657,458
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		11,600,857		4,460,427		5,992,536
Change in inventory on purchase method				51,798		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	9,850,699	\$	5,149,162	\$	7,649,994

	Behavioral		HCD		D. L.E.		Other		
	Health		Block		Public	Co	Other vernmental		Total
	Services		Grants		Health		verninental	_	Total
\$	1,671,235	\$	_	\$	227,738	\$	414,384	\$	20,050,199
•	-	*	-	*		*	471,446	*	1,255,696
	4,742		-		493		92,550		1,595,209
	420,364		38,409		189,945		3,855,813		5,481,632
	9,795,937		-		3,554,960		6,660,591		68,704,681
	53,609		-		292,679		559,340		4,743,533
	1,016		283,141		127		55,054		983,858
	11,946,903		321,550		4,265,942		12,109,178		102,814,808
	-		-		-		9,417		7,901,984
	-		-		-		6,748,213		32,998,422
	11,277,164		-		3,217,337		2,740,254		17,267,092
	-		3,389		-		-		23,144,374
	-		-		-		8,821		828,046
	-		-		-		-		129,704
	-		-		-		187,204		9,527,992
	200,000		-		-		570,241		873,551
	75.000		-		-		898,214		909,474
	75,802				293,532		546,885		5,000,270
	11,552,966		3,389		3,510,869		11,709,249		98,580,909
	393,937		318,161		755,073		399,929		4,233,899
	4,633,480		197,881		882,957		6,092,446		26,852,533
	(4,792,813)		(287,401)		(1,781,874)		(3,323,725)		(27,063,480)
	(.,. 0=,0 .0)		(====, :===)		-		1,373		10,709
	-		-		_		-		-
	(159,333)		(89,520)		(898,917)		2,770,094		(200,238)
	004.004		000 044		(4.40.04.4)		0.470.000		4 000 004
	234,604		228,641		(143,844)		3,170,023		4,033,661
	11,623,676		992,330		5,025,362		10,515,863		50,211,051
	_		-		_		_		51,798
\$	11,858,280	\$	1,220,971	\$	4,881,518	\$	13,685,886	\$	54,296,510

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change to Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 4,033,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for General Capital Assets and Infrastructure Capital asset adjustments Less: Current Year Depreciation	4	8,136 6,138 (0,382)	693,892
Unavailable revenues are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, but are recognized as revenues in the statement of activities. Amount represents the change from prior year.			(1,177,564)
Long-term debt proceeds provide current resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal Retirements Long term loan repayments			671,884 (266,761)
Measurement focus adjustment for inventory			51,798
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in Compensated Absences Payable Change in Net OPEB Obligation Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Change in long-term payable Change in Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows	(11	9,197 6,749 902 6,795)	(6,680,840)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			(723,681)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ (3,397,611)

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		STAGE		Sanitation		Aviation	
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$	1,056,699	\$	8,486,146	\$	110,092	
Imprest cash		50		-		-	
Receivables:							
Accounts Receivable		587		23,013		748	
Interest		3,300		31,948		346	
Intergovernmental		175,835		-		-	
Taxes		-		8,511		-	
Due from Other Funds		44,886		102,099		-	
Inventory		113,499					
Total Current Assets		1,394,856		8,651,717		111,186	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted cash		-		561,290		-	
Cash with fiscal agents		39,950		13,256		-	
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable		227,803		1,035,993		302,066	
Depreciable, Net		3,778,536		257,307		1,083,228	
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,046,289		1,867,846		1,385,294	
Total Assets		5,441,145		10,519,563		1,496,480	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Pension Adjustments		226,254		73,268		-	
Deferrals Related to OPEB	_	43,295		15,803			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		269,549		89,071		-	

				Go	overnmental Activities
;	Septage		Total		Internal
F	Receiving		Enterprise		Service
	Facility		Funds		Funds
\$	307,609	\$	9,960,546	\$	3,432,902
	-		50		-
			-		
	-		24,348		61,036
	964		36,558		12,294
	117,643		293,478		6,844
	-		8,511		-
	-		146,985		103,315
	-		113,499		113,810
	426,216		10,583,975		3,730,201
	-		561,290		-
	-		53,206		14,489
			,		,
	-		1,565,862		33,220
	-		5,119,071		124,367
	-		7,299,429		172,076
	426,216		17,883,404		3,902,277
	-		299,522		79,788
			59,098		17,677
	-	_	358,620		97,465

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds **STAGE** Sanitation Aviation **LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:** 49,090 Accounts Payable \$ 6,404 \$ \$ 7,340 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 42,390 16,795 Interest Payable 16,459 Deposits Payable 3,000 Due to Other Funds 33,347 40,074 81,171 **Unearned Revenue** 120,649 Compensated Absences 24,200 9,592 Loans Payable 70,904 **Estimated Claims Liability Total Current Liabilities** 226,990 244,011 50,414 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences 39.575 19.277 Special Assessment Bonds Loans and Capital Leases Payable 1,071,575 Closure Postclosure Costs 13,413,840 Net Pension Liability 1,856,166 680,303 Net OPEB Obligation 1,094,927 399,647 **Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 2,990,668 15,584,642 **Total Liabilities** 3,217,658 15,828,653 50,414 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Adjustments** 36,128 19,451 **Deferred OPEB Adjustments** 163,836 59,800 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 199,964 79,251 **NET POSITION** Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,006,339 1,293,300 1,385,294 Restricted 39,950 12,651 Unrestricted (6,605,221)60,772 (1,753,217)**Total Net Position** (5,299,270)2,293,072 1,446,066

				vernmental
				Activities
	Septage	Total		Internal
F	Receiving	Enterprise		Service
	Facility	Funds		Funds
\$	116,984	\$ 179,818	\$	117,263
	-	59,185		20,144
	-	16,459		-
	-	3,000		-
	-	154,592		27,018
	-	120,649		_
	-	33,792		11,595
	-	70,904		-
		 		1,760,749
	116,984	638,399	·	1,936,769
	-	58,852		8,841
	-	-		-
	-	1,071,575		-
	-	13,413,840		-
	-	2,536,469		730,331
		1,494,574		447,053
		 18,575,310		1,186,225
	116,984	19,213,709		3,122,994
	-	55,579		18,761
		 223,636		66,893
	-	279,215		85,654
	-	6,684,933		157,587
	-	52,601		24,124
	309,232	 (7,988,434)		609,383
\$	309,232	\$ (1,250,900)	\$	791,094

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		STAGE	;	Sanitation		Aviation
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Rental Income Fines and Forfeitures	\$	155,068	\$	2,191,685	\$	1,900 98,905
Licenses and Permits Other Revenues Total Operating Revenues		138 155,206		134 2,191,819		8,830 19,920 129,555
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and Benefits Services and Supplies Depreciation Total Operating Expenses		1,524,320 635,125 370,610 2,530,055	_	566,520 2,518,812 20,721 3,106,053		135,061 195,052 330,113
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2,374,849)		(914,234)		(200,558)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Intergovernmental Revenues Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Interest Expense Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	33,813 1,902,698 2,580 - 1,939,091		309,385 51,163 - (41,398) 319,150		3,110 40,000 - - 43,110
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(435,758)		(595,084)		(157,448)
Transfers In Transfers Out		5,809 (26,718)		(8,298)		<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(456,667)		(603,382)		(157,448)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,749,739		(4,695,888)		1,603,514
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	2,293,072	\$	(5,299,270)	\$	1,446,066

		G	overnmental Funds
Septage	Total		Internal
Receiving	Enterprise		Service
Facility	Funds		Funds
\$ 659 -	\$ 2,349,312 98,905	\$	6,552,096 3,830
-	8,830		-
241,305	261,497		452,327
241,964	2,718,544		7,008,253
-	2,090,840		668,052
185,329	3,474,327		7,496,764
	 586,383		27,121
185,329	6,151,550		8,191,937
56,635	(3,433,006)		(1,183,684)
8,585	354,893		219,849
-	1,993,861		-
-	2,580		-
	 (41,398)		-
8,585	 2,309,936		219,849
65,220	(1,123,070)		(963,835)
_	5,809		250,000
-	(35,016)		(9,846)
65,220	(1,152,277)		(723,681)
244,012	(98,623)		1,514,775
\$ 309,232	\$ (1,250,900)	\$	791,094

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					unds
		STAGE		Sanitation		Aviation
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•		•		•	
Receipts from Customers	\$	154,921	\$	2,200,792	\$	132,911
Receipts from Interfund Services		(CEO 716)		(4.069.072)		(420.062)
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees		(659,716) (1,266,018)		(1,068,972) (444,766)		(130,862)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,770,813)		687,054		2,049
Net dasir i lovided (daed) by operating Activities		(1,770,013)		007,004		2,043
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Grants and Other Receipts		1,913,684		51,163		40,000
Transfers from (to) Other Funds		(20,909)		154,324		19,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		<u> </u>				
Financing Activities		1,892,775		205,487		59,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(197,689)		(604,792)		(63,543)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		-		(68,506)		-
Interest Paid on Capital Debt				(42,385)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities		(197,689)		(715,683)		(63,543)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest Received (Paid)		35,824		313,278		3,185
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		35,824		313,278		3,185
, , ,		,				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND						
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(39,903)		490,136		691
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,136,602		8,570,556		109,401
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,096,699	\$	9,060,692	\$	110,092

			G	overnmental Activities
	Septage	Total		Internal
R	Receiving	Enterprise		Service
	Facility	Funds		Funds
\$	124,321	\$ 2,612,945	\$	-
	-	-		6,942,765
	(68,345)	(1,927,895)		(5,750,170)
	-	 (1,710,784)		(509,967)
	55,976	(1,025,734)		682,628
	-	2,004,847		-
		152,415		198,790
	-	2,157,262		198,790
	_	(866,024)		(62,496)
	-	(68,506)		-
		(42,385)		
	-	(976,915)		(62,496)
	8,694	360,981		217,130
	8,694	360,981		217,130
	64,670	515,594		1,036,052
	242,939	 10,059,498		2,411,339
\$	307,609	\$ 10,575,092	\$	3,447,391

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO		STAGE		Sanitation		Aviation		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,374,849)	\$	(914,234)	\$	(200,558)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)								
to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		370,610		20,721		195,052		
(Increase) Decrease in:								
Accounts Receivable		(285)		8,973		3,356		
Inventory		(14,172)		-		-		
Due from other County Funds		(21,700)						
Deferred Outflows of Resources		97,292		41,256		-		
Increase (Decrease) in:								
Accounts Payable		(830)		4,514		2,399		
Salaries and Benefits Payable		(3,699)		3,284		-		
Due to Other County Funds		(8,799)						
Deposits from Others		-		-		1,800		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		53,729		19,978		-		
Net Pension Liability		32,164		12,079		-		
Compensated Absences Payable		3,075		5,331		-		
Claims Liability		-		-		-		
Closure and Postclosure Liability		-		1,445,326		-		
Net OPEB Obligation		96,651		39,826				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,770,813)	\$	687,054	\$	2,049		

		G	overnmental Activities
Septage Receiving Facility	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
\$ 56,635	\$ (3,433,006)	\$	(1,183,684)
	586,383		27,121
-	360,363		21,121
(117,643)	(105,599)		(65,488)
-	(14,172)		10,090
-	(21,700) 138,548		37,377
116,984	123,067		16,360
-	(415)		492
	(8,799)		
-	1,800		-
-	73,707		26,307
-	44,243		12,947
-	8,406		(1,111)
-	- 1,445,326		1,720,144
-	136,477		82,073
	_		, -
\$ 55,976	\$ (1,025,734)	\$	682,628

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Investment				
	Trust	Agency			
	Fund	Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 80,112,159	\$ 5,017,772			
Cash with Fiscal Agent	200	-			
Taxes Receivable	-	4,466,421			
Due from Other Funds	<u> </u>	3,174,669			
Total Assets	\$ 80,112,359	\$ 12,658,862			
LIABILITIES					
Due to Other Funds	-	3,159,134			
Agency Obligations	<u></u> _	9,499,728			
Total Liabilities	-	\$ 12,658,862			
NET POSITION					
Net Position Held in Trust for Investment Pool Participants	\$ 80,112,359				

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Investment Trust Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions to Investment Pool Total Additions	\$ 188,212,140 188,212,140
DEDUCTIONS Distributions from Investment Pool Total Deductions	<u>184,451,849</u> 184,451,849
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,760,291
Net Position - Beginning of Year	76,352,068
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 80,112,359

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The County operates under an Administrator-Board of Supervisors form of government and provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice, education, detention, social services and health, fire protection, road construction, road maintenance, transportation, recreation and cultural facilities, elections and records, communications, planning, zoning, and tax collection.

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Reporting for component units on the County's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units are, although legally separate entities, in substance part of the County's operations and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, would be reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

For financial reporting purposes, the County's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the Board of Supervisors. The financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained by writing to the County of Siskiyou, Auditor-Controller's Office, 311 4th Street, Room 101, Yreka, California, 96097.

Blended Component Units

Flood Control and Water Conservation District – The Flood Control and Water Conservation District was established to provide for flood control and water conservation in the County. The County is financially accountable for this entity. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors acting as the Board of Directors, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the District are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

Air Pollution Control District – The Air Pollution Control District was established to provide better air quality to residents. The County is financially responsible for this entity. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors acting as the Board of Directors, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the District are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Local Transportation Administration – The Local Transportation Administration was established to provide local transportation services to County residents. The County is financially accountable for this entity. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors appointing the Administration's Board, and also occupying three positions, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the Administration are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

Regional Transportation Planning – The Regional Transportation Planning was established to provide regional transportation planning to County residents. The County is financially accountable for this entity. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors acting as the Board of Directors, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the entity are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

County Service Areas #3, #4, and #5 – These County Service Areas were established to provide County services. The County is financially accountable for these entities. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors acting as the Board of Directors, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the Districts are blended with the primary government as special revenue funds.

Lake Siskiyou Hydroelectric Project – The Lake Siskiyou Hydroelectric Project is a joint powers authority formed by the County of Siskiyou and the Siskiyou County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (discussed above), and was established to operate the Box Canyon Dam. The County is financially accountable for this entity. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the Board of Supervisors acting as the Board of Directors, and its ability to impose its will. Therefore, the activities of the entity are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

Siskiyou Association of Governmental Entities – Under State law, all counties and cities are required to be part of a Regional Planning Agency. The Siskiyou Association of Governmental Entities (SAGE) is an agency established by a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) among City members and the County. The JPA was adopted June 22, 1972, to provide a permanent forum for discussion and study of regional problems of mutual interest to the cities within, and the County of Siskiyou, and for development of policy and action recommendations for each respective member entity. Siskiyou County and its nine cities are one Regional Planning Agency. The activities of the Association are blended with the primary government as a special revenue fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

There are no component units of the County which meet the criteria for discrete presentation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Agencies

The County is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC). CSAC is a joint powers authority organized for the purpose of developing and funding excess insurance programs for member counties. CSAC operates public entity risk pools for workers' compensation, comprehensive liability, property, and medical malpractice, and the pool purchases excess insurance and services for members. CSAC is under the control and direction of a 62 member board of directors consisting of representatives of each of the member counties and seven members elected by the public entity membership. Complete audited financial statements can be obtained from CSAC's office at 75 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200, Folsom, California 95630. The County is not financially accountable for this organization and therefore it is not a component unit under Statement Nos. 14, 39 and 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the County's business-type activities and each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include (1) charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories, each is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General fund includes such activities as public protection, public ways and facilities, health and welfare, public assistance, education, and recreation services.
- The Road fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for streets and road maintenance and expansion.
- The Human Services fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for social welfare.
- The Behavioral Health Services fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for behavioral health programs.
- The HCD Block Grant Funds are special revenue funds used to account for revenue and expenditures related to community development grant activity.
- The Public Health Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for public health programs.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The STAGE fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing county residents with public transportation services.
- The Sanitation fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with sanitation facilities and services.
- The Aviation fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with aviation facilities and services.
- The Septage Receiving Facilities fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the fees and the cost of operation and maintenance of the septage receiving facilities, including cost of improvements and to meet State regulations regarding septage disposal facilities.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

• Internal Service funds account for the County's fuel services, communications, automotive services, information technology, and self-insurance programs which provide services to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

- The Investment Trust funds account for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. The assets of these funds are held in trust for other agencies and are part of the County's external pool. Agencies with funds in the County's external pool include entities such as schools and community colleges, special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities, and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. The County is obligated to disburse monies from the funds on demand.
- The Agency funds account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental units or other organizations.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales tax, grants, entitlements, and donations. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants, and charges for services are considered susceptible to accrual and are accrued when their receipt occurs within forty-five days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the various functions of the governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fiduciary funds include trust funds and agency funds. All trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are typically reported using the accrual basis of accounting to recognize all material receivables and payables.

Noncurrent Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Noncurrent governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased including cash with fiscal agent, and their equity in the County Treasurer's investment pool, to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer. The County's pool activity is governed by California Government Code Sections 27000.1 and 53607 as well as the County's investment policy.

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. The fair value of investments is determined monthly. Investments in nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are reported at cost; short term investments are reported at amortized cost, investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund, an external pool, are reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value, and the fair value of all other investments are obtained by using quotations obtained from independent published sources or by the safekeeping institution. The fair value represents the amount the County could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and seller.

Participant's equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Interest payments, accrued interest, accreted discounts, amortized premiums, and realized capital gains and losses, net of administrative fees, are apportioned to pool participants every quarter. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements as unrealized gains or losses are not apportioned to pool participants. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County Treasurer has not entered into any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant equity in the investment pool.

Income from pooled investments is allocated to the individual funds or external participants based on the fund or participant's average daily cash balance at quarter end in relation to the total pool investments. Interest income earned in agency funds where there are no interest earnings requirements are assigned to the General fund per County Policy. Income from nonpooled investments is recorded based on the specific investments held by the fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Receivables for governmental activities consist mainly of accounts, interest, taxes, and intergovernmental revenues. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.9 million is reflected in the financial statements for the Behavioral Health Fund. Management believes all other receivables to be fully collectible.

Receivables for business-type activities consist mainly of user fees, interest, and intergovernmental revenues. Management believes its receivables are fully collectibe and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

Other Assets

Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out basis) for governmental and proprietary funds. Inventory recorded by governmental funds includes materials and supplies for roads. Governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time the inventory is consumed. Inventory recorded by proprietary funds includes supplies for STAGE and the internal service funds. Proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenses at the time the inventory is consumed.

Prepaid Items

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019 are recorded as prepaid costs under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The County records both prepaid costs for expenditures/expenses paid for services that will benefit future periods and prepaid insurance for the net investment in a joint powers self-insurance agency.

Loans Receivable

A total of \$2,198,807 was recorded as loans receivable at June 30, 2019. These represent low interest notes and related accrued interest to finance multi-family and single family construction and rehabilitation projects, home buyer assistance for low income families, as well as business start-up costs. Loan terms are 15 to 55 years with interest rates at 0.00 to 5.00 percent. The primary source of funding for these loans comes from grants from the federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) programs. The CDBG and HOME grants contain monitoring requirements to ensure grant compliance. These requirements are reflected in the loan agreements. Due to the terms of the loans, offsetting deferred inflows of resources of \$2,198,807 have been established in the governmental funds balance sheet for the housing and business loan principal and interest payments.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, including public domain (infrastructure such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewer, and similar items) are defined by the County as assets with a cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than three years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is unavailable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight line method over the assets estimated useful life in the government-wide financial statements. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Equipment	3 to 20 years
Structures and Improvements	5 to 50 years
Infrastructure	20 to 75 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Property Tax

The state of California's (State) Constitution Article XIIIA provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1 percent of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value, as defined by Article XIIIA, and may be adjusted by no more than 2% per fiscal year unless the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a 1% tax levy among the County, cities, school districts, and other districts.

The County of Siskiyou is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with State law. Property taxes are levied on both secured (real property) and unsecured (personal property other than land and buildings) property. Supplemental property taxes are assessed upon transfer of ownership in property or completion of new construction.

The County levies, bills and collects taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Valuation/Lien Dates	January 1	January 1
Due Dates	November 1 (1st Installment) February 1 (2nd Installment)	July 1
Delinquent Dates	December 10 (1st Installment) April 10 (2nd Installment)	August 31

The County of Siskiyou apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution, the "Teeter Plan," as prescribed by Section 4717 of the California Revenue and Taxation code. Under the Teeter Plan, penalties and interest collected on delinquent secured taxes are required to be held in trust in the Tax Loss Reserve Fund (TLRF). The primary purpose of TLRF is to cover losses that may occur as a result of special sales of tax-defaulted property.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Tax (Continued)

The County is legally required to maintain a minimum balance of 1% of the annual taxes levied on properties participating in the Teeter Plan. The balance in the TLRF was \$498,825 at June 30, 2019. The County's management believes that any ownership rights to the TLRF the County may have are effective only upon an Auditor-Controller approved transfer or to the extent of losses related to the sale of tax defaulted property. Amounts in the TLRF are considered to be held in a custodial capacity for the participants in the County's apportionment methodology and accounted for in an agency fund.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided or used, reimbursements or transfers.

Loans reported as receivables and payables are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans) as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not in spendable form.

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. These services provide information on the net cost of each government function and therefore, are not eliminated in the process of preparing the government-wide statement of activities.

Reimbursements occur when the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses repay the funds that initially paid for them. Such reimbursements are reflected as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures or expenses in the reimbursed fund.

All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Unearned Revenue

Under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. When assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets are offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave, comp time and sick leave payout, where applicable. In the government-wide financial statements the accrued compensated absences is recorded as an expense and related liability, with the current portion estimated based on historical trends. In the governmental fund financial statements, the expenditures and liabilities related to those obligations are recognized only when they mature. In the proprietary funds the accrued compensated absences is recorded as an expense and related liability in the year earned. The County includes its share of social security and Medicare taxes payable on behalf of the employees in the accrual for compensated absences.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the miscellaneous plan and the safety plan of the County, an agent multiple employer deficne pension plan participating in the California Public Employees' Retirement system (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Public Agency Retirement Service (PARS). For this purpose, the OPEB plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item relates to the outflows from changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities and is reportable on the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. One item, unavailable revenue, is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for receivables that have not been received within the modified accrual period. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

the amounts become available. The second item relates to inflows from changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities and is reportable on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

The following major enterprise fund had a deficit net position balance at June 30, 2019. This deficit is expected to be eliminated through future additional funding.

Sanitation \$ 5,299,270

The following nonmajor governmental funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2019. These deficits are expected to be eliminated through future reimbursements and through cost containment.

Planning Projects \$ 10,967

The following internal service funds had deficit net position balances at June 30, 2019. This deficit is expected to be eliminated through future additional funding.

Communications \$ 381,916 Automotive Services \$ 264,955

Rebatable Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax- exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. At June 30, 2019, the County does not expect to incur a liability.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County Treasurer manages, in accordance with California Government Code Section 53600, funds deposited in the investment pool by the County, all County school districts, various districts, and some cities within the County. The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. California Government Code and the County's investment policy govern the investment pool activity. The objectives of

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust. The pool attempts to match maturities with planned outlays and maximize the return on investment over various market cycles. Yield is considered only after safety and credit quality have been met, consistent with limiting risk and prudent investment principles.

The Board of Supervisors monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the Board of Supervisors and the investment pool participants every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual cost, and fair value. All cash and investments are considered part of the investment pool.

The County sponsored investment pool includes both internal and external participants. The portion of the pool attributable to external pool participants, which are considered involuntary participants, are included in the primary government as an Investment Trust fund which does not have separate financial reports. The state of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer. The investments of involuntary participants in the investment pool totaled \$80,112,159 at June 30, 2019.

Financial Statement Presentation

As of June 30, 2019, the County's cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Primary Government	69,893,725
Investment Trust Fund	80,112,359
Agency Funds	5,017,772
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 155,023,856

As of June 30, 2019, the County's cash and investments consisted of the following

Cash:		
Cash on Hand	\$	4,582
Imprest Cash		51,400
Deposits (Less Outstanding Checks)		1,429,353
Cash with Fiscal Agents		3,402,779
Total Cash		4,888,114
Investments:		
In Treasurer's Pool	15	0,135,742
Total Investments	15	0,135,742
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 15	5,023,856

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED

Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's cash deposits (including amounts in checking accounts and money market accounts) was \$1,429,353 and the bank balance was \$6,882,713. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding warrants and deposits in transit. In addition, the County had cash on hand of \$4,582.

Custodial Credit Risk For Deposits – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires that deposits in banks must meet the requirements of the California Government Code. Under this code, deposits of more than \$250,000 must be collateralized at 105% to 150% of the value of the deposit to guarantee the safety of the public funds. The first \$250,000 of the County's deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits of more than the \$250,000 insured amount are collateralized.

Investments

Pursuant to Section 53646 of the Government Code, the County prepares an investment policy annually and presents it to the Board of Supervisors for review and approval. The investment policy provides the basis for the management of a prudent, conservative investment program. Funds are invested to provide the maximum security of principal with secondary emphasis on achieving the highest return, while meeting daily cash flow needs. All investments are made in accordance with the Government Code and, in general, the investment policy is more restrictive than state law.

Under the provisions of the County's investment policy the County may invest or deposit in the following:

- Banker's Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- Medium Term Notes
- Asset Backed Securities
- Money Market Mutual Funds
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Repurchase Agreements/Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- Municipal Securities of Local and State Entities within the State of California
- United States Treasury Securities
- United States Government Agency (Direct/Indirect) Securities
- Shares of beneficial interest issued by a joint powers authority organized pursuant to Section 6509.7 that invests in the securities and obligations authorized in subdivision (a) to (o) inclusive
- United States dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank, with a maximum remaining maturity of five years or less, and eligible for purchase and sale within the United States

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Fair Value of Investments – The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs.

The County's position in external investment pools is in itself regarded as a type of investment and looking through to the underlying investments of the pool is not appropriate. Therefore, the County's investment in external investment pools are not recognized in the three-tiered fair value hierarchy described above.

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

				Fair Value Hierarchy									
		Total		Total		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Investments by Fair Value Level:													
Government Agencies	\$	95,258,707	\$	95,258,707	\$	-	\$	-					
Corporate Notes		3,138,768		3,138,768		-		-					
Certificates of Deposit		25,869,000		25,869,000									
Total Investments Measured													
at Fair Value		124,266,475	\$	124,266,475	\$		\$						
Investments in External Investment													
Pool:													
California Asset Management													
Company (CAMP)		21,869,267											
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		4,000,000											
Total Investments	\$	150,135,742											

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To limit the exposure to fair value losses from increases in interest rates, the County's investment policy limits investment maturities to a term appropriate to the need for funds so as to permit the County to meet all projected obligations. Any investments that mature more than five years from the date of purchase require prior approval of the Board of Supervisors.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments, all of which had a maturity of five years or less:

		Mati	urities		Weighted Average
	Interest Rates	0-1 Years	1-5 Years	Total	Maturity (Years)
Government Agencies	1.125 -3.0%	\$ 21,991,508	\$ 73,267,199	\$ 95,258,707	1.94
Corporate Notes	2.47-3.104%	-	3,138,768	3,138,768	2.70
Certificates of Deposit	1.2 - 3.6%	8,261,000	17,608,000	25,869,000	2.19
CAMP	Variable	21,869,267	-	21,869,267	-
LAIF	Variable	4,000,000		4,000,000	-
Total Investments		\$ 56,121,775	\$ 94,013,967	\$ 150,135,742	2.00

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment policy sets specific parameters by the type of investment to be met at time of purchase. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Moody's Rating	Percent of Portfolio
Federal Farm Credit Bank	-	Aaa	8.50%
Federal Home Loan Bank	-	Aaa	13.95%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc	-	Aaa	15.63%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	-	Aaa	25.36%
Corporate Notes	Α	Aa3	2.09%
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	Unrated	17.23%
CAMP	N/A	Unrated	14.57%
LAIF	N/A	Unrated	2.66%
Total			100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To mitigate the custodial credit risk the County requires that all of its managed investments be held in safekeeping by a third party bank trust department.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. The County's investment policy contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) at June 30, 2019, that represent 5% or more of total County investments are as follows:

Investment Type	Amount Type	Percentage of Investments
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$ 12,754,039	8.50%
Federal Home Loan Bank	20,950,000	13.95%
Federal National Mortgage Association	23,473,619	15.63%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	38,081,048	25.36%

Investment in External Investment Pools

The County of Siskiyou maintains an investment in the state of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California State Code. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. At June 30, 2019, the County's investment in LAIF valued at approximately amortized cost was \$4,000,000 and is the same as the value of the pool shares. There are no restrictions on withdrawal of funds. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$88.8 billion. Of that amount, 97.33% is invested in nonderivative financial products and 2.67% in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

The County of Siskiyou also maintains an investment in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP), a California JPA established in 1989 by the treasurers and finance directors of several California agencies. CAMP was created to provide professional investment services to California public agencies at a reasonable cost. The County's investment with CAMP as of June 30, 2019, was \$21,869,267, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

County Investment Pool Condensed Financial Information

The following are condensed statements of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's pool at June 30, 2019:

	Internal Participants		External Participants			Total Pool
Statement of Net Position						
Cash on Hand	\$	4,582	\$	-	\$	4,582
Deposits, Less Outstanding Checks		1,429,353		-		1,429,353
Investments		70,023,383		80,112,359		150,135,742
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	71,457,318	\$	80,112,359	\$	151,569,677
Statement of Changes in Net Position	\$	64 254 494	\$	76.352.068	¢	140,606,252
Net Position - July 1, 2018 Net Changes in Investments by	Ф	64,254,184	Ф	-,,	Ф	, ,
Pool Participants	_	7,203,134	_	3,760,291	_	10,963,425
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	71,457,318	\$	80,112,359	\$	151,569,677

Restricted Cash and Investments

The County reflects cash and investments held in safekeeping for planning, jail inmate deposits payable and monies set aside in an irrevocable trust to fund future pension costs, as restricted cash in the General fund and in other governmental funds.

The County also reports restricted cash and investments of \$561,290 held in the Sanitation fund to fund closure and post-closure costs of the Yreka landfill.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	¢ 0000 000	¢.	\$ -	¢.	\$ 6.009.220
Land Construction in Progress	\$ 6,009,220 2,096,950	\$ - 3,110,099	\$ -	\$ - (4,092,062)	\$ 6,009,220 1,114,987
Intangibles	2,583,400	63,145	-	(4,032,002)	2,646,545
Total Capital Assets,	2,000, .00	55,1.5			2,0:0,0:0
Not Being Depreciated	10,689,570	3,173,244	-	(4,092,062)	9,770,752
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	31,061,316	207,342	-	338,788	31,607,446
Equipment	29,274,647	1,700,047	(1,496,886)	83,348	29,561,156
Infrastructure	182,262,575	-	-	3,700,534	185,963,109
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	242,598,538	1,907,389	(1,496,886)	4,122,670	247,131,711
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(12,445,543)	(551,217)	-	-	(12,996,760)
Equipment	(26,221,274)	(879,818)	1,454,891	57,524	(25,588,677)
Infrastructure	(137,369,995)	(2,966,468)			(140,336,463)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(176,036,812)	(4,397,503)	1,454,891	57,524	(178,921,900)
Total Capital Assets,		(0.400.444)	(44.00=)		
Being Depreciated, Net	66,561,726	(2,490,114)	(41,995)	4,180,194	68,209,811
Governmental Activities,					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 77,251,296	\$ 683,130	\$ (41,995)	\$ 88,132	\$ 77,980,563
	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	July 1, 2018			Transfers	June 30, 2019
Land	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054	\$ 28,404	Retirements -	Transfers \$ 640,549	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007
Land Construction in Progress	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054 234,771			Transfers	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007 205,158
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054	\$ 28,404		Transfers \$ 640,549	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets,	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054 234,771 19,697	\$ 28,404 610,936		Transfers \$ 640,549	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054 234,771	\$ 28,404		Transfers \$ 640,549	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007 205,158
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets,	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054 234,771 19,697	\$ 28,404 610,936		Transfers \$ 640,549	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements	July 1, 2018 \$ 672,054 234,771 19,697	\$ 28,404 610,936		Transfers \$ 640,549	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340		Transfers \$ 640,549	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets,	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441		\$ 640,549 (640,549) - - - 15,889	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets,	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441		\$ 640,549 (640,549) - - - 15,889	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441		\$ 640,549 (640,549) - - - 15,889	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 -		\$ 640,549 (640,549) - - - 15,889 - 15,889	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286)		\$ 640,549 (640,549) - - - 15,889 - 15,889	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612) (11,477,120)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612) (11,477,120) (16,619,639)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115) (586,383)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235) (17,221,911)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612) (11,477,120)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	\$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612) (11,477,120) (16,619,639)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115) (586,383)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235) (17,221,911)
Land Construction in Progress Intangibles Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 672,054 234,771 19,697 926,522 5,184,406 4,283,357 12,710,894 22,178,657 (2,643,907) (2,498,612) (11,477,120) (16,619,639)	\$ 28,404 610,936 - 639,340 28,995 117,441 - 146,436 (54,982) (343,286) (188,115) (586,383)		Transfers \$ 640,549 (640,549)	June 30, 2019 \$ 1,341,007 205,158 19,697 1,565,862 5,213,401 4,416,687 12,710,894 22,340,982 (2,698,889) (2,857,787) (11,665,235) (17,221,911)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government		\$	259,776
Public Protection			799,255
Health and Welfare			130,308
Public Assistance			65,057
Education			6,942
Public Ways and Facilities			3,109,044
Subtotal Governmental Funds			4,370,382
Capital Assets Held by the County's	Internal		
Service Funds are Charged to the	Various Functions		
Based on their Usage of the Assets	S		27,121
Total Depreciation Expense -			
Governmental Functions		\$	4,397,503
Depreciation expense was charge	ed to business-type fur	nctior	ns as follows:
STAGE		\$	370,610
Sanitation			20,721
Aviation			195,052
Total Depreciation Expense -			

Construction In Progress

Business-Type Functions

Construction in progress for governmental activities relates primarily to work performed on various bridges, roads and buildings where construction was started but not completed as of June 30, 2019. Construction in progress for business-type activities relates primarily to work performed on transfer sites for waste collection.

586,383

Collections

Collections of art and historical treasures meet the definition of a capital asset and normally should be reported in the financial statements. However, the requirement for capitalization is waived for collections that meet certain criteria. The County has collections of historical treasures that are not capitalized as they meet all of the waiver requirements which are: (1) the collections are held solely for public exhibition, (2) the collections are protected, preserved and cared for, and (3) any items sold in the past two years has resulted in the proceeds being used for operating costs.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due To/From Other Funds

During the course of operations, transactions occur between funds to account for goods received or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from or due to other funds. In addition, when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash, the receivables and payables are also classified as due from or due to other funds. The following are due from and due to balances as of June 30, 2019:

	Due from	Due to		
	Other Funds	Other Funds		
General Fund	159,958	109,816		
Road	105,827	31,917		
Human Services	47,223	97,052		
Behavioral Health Services	27,343	128,636		
HCD Grant Fund	2,720	29,621		
Public Health	612,674	996,121		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	770,131	416,938		
STAGE	44,886	33,347		
Sanitation	102,099	81,171		
Aviation	-	40,074		
Internal Service Funds	103,315	27,018		
Agency Funds	3,174,669	3,159,134		
Total	\$ 5,150,845	\$ 5,150,845		

Transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service and reallocations of special revenues. The following are the interfund transfer balances as of June 30, 2019:

	Transfer In			Transfer Out		
General Fund	\$	14,690,646	•	\$	16,395,512	
Road		92,286			111,883	
Human Services		262,837			370,272	
Behavioral Health Services		4,633,480			4,792,813	
HCD Grant Fund		197,881			287,401	
Public Health		882,957			1,781,874	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		6,092,446			3,323,725	
STAGE		5,809			26,718	
Sanitation		-			8,298	
Internal Service Funds		250,000			9,846	
Total	\$	27,108,342		\$	27,108,342	

NOTE 6 UNEARNED REVENUE

At June 30, 2019, the components of unearned revenue were as follows:

	Unearned		
General Fund:			
Recording Fees Paid in Advance	\$	850	
Human Services:			
Federal and State Advances Received		284,655	
STAGE Enterprise Fund			
Grantor Advances Received		120,649	
Total	\$	406,154	

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Type of Indebtedness	J	Balance uly 1, 2018	Additions/ Retirements/ Balance Adjustments Adjustments June 30, 20		Balance ine 30, 2019	Amounts Due Within One Year				
Governmental Activities										
Bonds	\$	164,800	\$	-	\$	(4,000)	\$	160,800	\$	4,100
Pension Obligation Bonds		13,910,000		-		(505,000)		13,405,000		565,000
Less: Unamortized Bonds		(31,663)				1,667		(29,996)		
Pension Obligation Bonds, Net		13,878,337		-		(503,333)		13,375,004		565,000
Loans		1,357,770		-		(61,241)		1,296,529		63,213
Behavioral Health Repayment Liability		11,778,397		316,795		(200,000)		11,895,192		-
Capital Leases		211,410		-		(103,310)		108,100		52,681
Estimated Claims Liability		40,605		1,760,749		(40,605)		1,760,749		1,760,749
Compensated Absences		3,054,643		2,404,271		(2,414,578)		3,044,336		1,055,272
Total Governmental Activities	\$	30,485,962	\$	4,481,815	\$	(3,327,067)	\$	31,640,710	\$	3,501,015
Business-Type Activities										
Loans	\$	1,210,984	\$	-	\$	(68,503)	\$	1,142,481	\$	70,904
Closure/Postclosure		11,968,514		1,445,326		-		13,413,840		-
Compensated Absences	_	84,239		71,003	_	(62,598)		92,644		33,792
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	13,263,737	\$	1,516,329	\$	(131,101)	\$	14,648,965	\$	104,696

Internal Service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. The capital lease liability is liquidated by lease payments made by the departments leasing the equipment. Compensated absences for the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the fund where the accrued liability occurred. The closure/post-closure liability will be liquidated by the Sanitation fund.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Individual issues of debt payable outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Description of Payable	Amount
Governmental Activities	
Bonds: Carrick Water - CSA Revenue Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$2,184 to \$10,900, with an interest rate of 4.50% and maturity on September 2, 2042. Bond proceeds were used to finance construction of the water distribution system improvements. Total Bonds	\$ 160,800 160,800
Pension Obligation Bonds: County of Siskiyou Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Series 2007, dated September 7, 2007, issued in the amount of \$16,620,000, payable in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$1,115,000, with an interest rate of 6.1% and maturity on June 1, 2037. The bonds were used to advance pay miscellaneous and safety employee pension obligations Total Pension Obligation Bonds	13,405,000 13,405,000
Loans: California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Loan, dated January 1, 2005, payable in annual installments of \$40,562 to \$101,687, with an interest rate of 3.22% and maturity on August 1, 2034. Loan proceeds were used to finance the construction of a 40-bed juvenile detention hall. Total Loans Total Governmental Activities	1,296,529 1,296,529 \$ 14,862,329
	Ψ 11,002,020
Business-Type Activities	
Loans: California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Loan, dated December 1, 2002, payable in annual installments of \$40,891 to \$107,141, with an interest rate of 3.50% and maturity on February 1, 2032. Loan proceeds were used to finance closure/postclosure costs. Total Loans	\$ 1,142,481 1,142,481
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,142,481

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Following is a schedule of debt payment requirements of governmental activities and business-type activities to maturity for long-term debt, excluding compensated absences that have indefinite maturities, capital leases which are reported in Note 8 and landfill post-closure costs which are reported in Note 9.

				Bonds			
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest			Total
2020	\$	4,100	9	7,144	_	\$	11,244
2021		4,300		6,955			11,255
2022		4,500		6,757			11,257
2023		4,700		6,550			11,250
2024		4,900		6,334			11,234
2025-2029		28,200		28,049			56,249
2030-2034		35,100		20,968			56,068
2035-2039		43,700		12,125			55,825
2040-2042		31,300		2,153			33,453
Total	\$	160,800	9	97,034	-	\$	257,834
			_		_		
		Р	ensio	on Obligation Bo	nds	;	
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest			Total
2020	\$	565,000	9	817,705		\$	1,382,705
2021		625,000		783,240			1,408,240
2022		695,000		745,115			1,440,115
2023		765,000		702,720			1,467,720
2024		845,000		656,055			1,501,055
2025-2029		3,005,000		2,620,255			5,625,255
2030-2034		3,805,000		1,678,415			5,483,415
2035-2037		3,100,000		387,960			3,487,960
Total	\$	13,405,000	9	8,391,465		\$	21,796,465
	1				_		
				Loans			
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	_		Total
2020	\$	63,213	9	,		\$	103,944
2021		65,249		38,662			103,911
2022		67,350		36,527			103,877
2023		69,518		34,324			103,842
2024		71,757		32,049			103,806
2025-2029		394,968		123,481			518,449
2030-2034		462,787		54,570			517,357
2035		101,687	_	1,637	_		103,324
Total	\$	1,296,529	\$	361,982		\$	1,658,511

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

			Loans		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 70,904	\$	39,986	\$ 110,890	
2021	73,386		37,506	110,892	
2022	75,954		34,936	110,890	
2023	78,613		32,278	110,891	
2024	81,364		29,526	110,890	
2025-2029	451,583		102,874	554,457	
2030-2032	310,677		21,998	332,675	
Total	\$ 1,142,481	\$	299,104	\$ 1,441,585	

The Behavioral Health repayment liability is the estimated amount to be repaid to the State in connection with the State's audit of the County's behavioral health programs that operated between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2010. The County negotiated a repayment plan with the state of \$200,000 per year until the balance is paid in full. The liability is expected to be liquidated by the Behavioral Health Services fund.

NOTE 8 LEASES

Operating Leases

The County leases an office building and equipment under non-cancellable operating leases. Total cost for these leases was \$879,242 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

		Lease
Year Ending June 30,	0	bligations
2020	\$	752,211
2021		510,837
2022		98,366
Total requirements		1,361,414

Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the County when all terms of the lease agreements are met.

Total		\$ 108,100	
Governmental Activities	0.00%-5.220%	\$ 108,100	
	Rate	June 30, 2019	
	Stated Interest	Payments at	
		of Remaining	
		Present Value	

NOTE 8 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Capital Leases (Continued)

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital lease are as follows:

	Go	vernmental
		Activities
Equipment	\$	432,492
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(208,381)
Total	\$	224,111

As of June 30, 2019, capital lease annual amortization is as follows:

	Governmental		
Year Ending June 30,	A	ctivities	
2020	\$	58,302	
2021		58,302	
Total Requirements		116,604	
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(8,504)	
Present Value of Remaining Payments	\$	108,100	

NOTE 9 CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE

The County is responsible for one active landfill site and twelve closed landfill sites. State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its operating landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure costs as an expense in each year based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$13,413,840 reported as closure/post-closure liability at June 30, 2019, represents 100% of the total closure/post-closure/corrective action care liability estimate for all landfills reduced by amortization of the liabilities related to landfills that are in the post-closure phase. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2019. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, change in technology, or changes in regulations. None of the County's landfills are currently accepting new waste.

The County is required by State and Federal laws and regulations to provide financial assurance that appropriate resources will be available to finance closure and post-closure care costs in the future. At June 30, 2019, cash and investments of \$561,290 were held to fund closure and post-closure costs of the Yreka landfill and \$-0- was held to fund post-closure costs of the County's 12 closed landfills. The County has adopted a pledge of revenue to fund ten of the closed sites. Although the County is not legally required by State or Federal laws to provide funding for its two landfill sites closed prior to 1991, the County has accepted final responsibility for these sites.

NOTE 10 NET POSITION

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These principally include restrictions for capital projects, debt service requirements and other special revenue fund purposes.

Unrestricted Net Position – all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$20,646,109 of restricted net position, of which \$17,719,051 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Net Position Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted resources.

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2019, fund balance for governmental funds is made up of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted Fund Balance – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted with the consent of resource providers.

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Committed Fund Balance – amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

Assigned Fund Balance – amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the residual classification for the County's General fund that includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The fund balances for all major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 were distributed as follows:

					Behavioral	HCD			Other	
	General		Humar	n	Health	Block	Public	Gov	vernmental	
	Fund	Road	Service	es	 Services	Grants	 Health		Funds	Total
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid Costs	\$ 1,263	\$ -	\$ 1,	143	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,161	\$	270	\$ 3,837
Inventory	 	885,439		-	-	 -	 -		-	 885,439
Subtotal	1,263	885,439	1,	143	-	-	1,161		270	889,276
Restricted For:										
General Government	440,200	-		-	-				-	440,200
Pension	2,006,079	195,682	252,	699	196,959	-	63,894		145,020	2,860,333
Public Safety Programs	1,537,894	-		-	-				659,475	2,197,369
Road Projects and										
Services	-	154,740		-	-				98,331	253,071
Library projects									-	-
Human Services	-	-	93,	686	-				-	93,686
Behavioral Health										
Services	-	-		-	3,491,276				-	3,491,276
Geothermal	-	-		-	-				97,693	97,693
Health Services	-	-		-	-	-	137,315		637	137,952
Airport Programs	-	-		-	-				3,796	3,796
Air Pollution Programs	-	-		-	-				733,380	733,380
Transportation	-	-		-	-				90,609	90,609
County Service Areas	-	-		-	-				380,332	380,332
Fire Programs	-	-		-	-				675,332	675,332
Flood Control	-	-		-	-	-			-	-
HUD Programs	-	-		-	-	1,220,971			-	1,220,971
Hydroelectric Project	-	-		-	-	-			2,232,178	2,232,178
Capital Projects	-	-		-	-	-	-		14,131	14,131
Subtotal	3,984,173	350,422	346,	385	3,688,235	1,220,971	201,209		5,130,914	14,922,309

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

	General Fund	Road	Human Services	Behavioral Health Services	HCD Block Grants	Public Health	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Committed To:								
General Government	1,050,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,050,000
Public Safety Programs	206,498	-	-	-	-	-	58,641	265,139
Road Projects and					-	-		
Services	-	5,225	-	-	-	-	-	5,225
Welfare Services	-	-	1,550	-	-	-	-	1,550
Behavioral Health								
Services	-	-	-	11,412	-	-	-	11,412
Child Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100
Health Services	-	-	-	-	-	2,652	-	2,652
Air Pollution Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
Library Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,212	8,212
Hydroelectric Project	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,500,000	2,500,000
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Subtotal	1,256,498	5,225	1,550	11,412	-	2,652	2,567,004	3,844,341
Assigned For: Public Safety Programs	98,084	-	-	-	-	-	1,231,793	1,329,877
Road Projects and Services		3,908,076			-	-		3,908,076
Welfare Services	-	3,906,076	7,300,916	-	-	-	-	
Health Services	-	-	7,300,910	-	-	4,676,496	23,935	7,300,916 4,700,431
Behavioral Health	-	-	-	-	-	4,070,490	23,933	4,700,431
Services	_	_	_	8,158,633			54,258	8,212,891
Child Support Programs				0,130,033			390,443	390,443
Fish and Game	_	_	_		_	_	31,658	31,658
Fire Programs	_	_	_	_	_	_	291,312	291,312
Flood Control	_	_	_	_	_	_	199,020	199,020
Air Pollution Programs	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Debt Services	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,370,705	1,370,705
Capital Projects	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,405,541	2,405,541
Subtotal	98,084	3,908,076	7,300,916	8,158,633		4,676,496	5,998,665	30,140,870
Unassigned	4,510,681						(10,967)	4,499,714
Total Fund Balance	\$ 9,850,699	\$ 5,149,162	\$ 7,649,994	\$ 11,858,280	\$ 1,220,971	\$ 4,881,518	\$ 13,685,886	\$ 54,296,510

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, it is considered that restricted fund balance is depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Policy

The Board of Supervisors has adopted a fund balance policy for financial statement reporting. The policy establishes procedures for reporting fund balance classifications, establishes prudent reserve requirements, and establishes a hierarchy of fund balance expenditures. The policy also provides for a measure of financial protection for the County against unforeseen circumstances and to comply with GASB 54. The minimum unrestricted fund balance may be recognized within the committed, assigned, or unassigned classifications.

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees of Siskiyou County and Siskiyou Court, are eligible to participate in the County's Safety agent multiple-employer and Miscellaneous agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by state statute and County resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Effective January 1, 2013, the County added retirement tiers for new employees as required under the Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA). New employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 will be subject to new, lower pension formulas, caps on pensionable income levels and new definitions of pensionable income. In addition, new employees will be required to contribute half of the total normal cost of the pension benefit unless impaired by an existing Memorandum of Understanding. The cumulative effect of these PEPRA changes will ultimately reduce the County's retirement costs.

Summary of Rate Tiers and Eligible Participants

Open for New Enrollment

Miscellaneous PEPRA Miscellaneous members hired on or after January 1, 2013

Safety PEPRA Safety employees hired on or after January 1, 2013

Closed to New Enrollment

Miscellaneous employees hired before January 1, 2013

Safety Safety employees hired before January 1, 2013

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan- (Continued

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 for Miscellaneous employees and 50 for Safety employees with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. Each Rate Tier's specific provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

			Monthly Benefits as a Percent
	Benefit	Retirement	of Eligible
	Formula	Age	Compensation
Miscellaneous	2.0% @ 55	55	2.000%
Miscellaneous PEPRA	2.0% @ 62	62	2.000%
Safety	3.0% @ 50	50	3.000%
Safety PEPRA	2.7% @ 57	57	2.700%

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Miscellaneous and Safety Rate Tiers including independent entities (courts):

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving		
Benefits	839	178
Inactive Employees Entitled to, not yet Receiving Benefits	464	58
Active Employees	530	111
Total	1,833	347

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for all Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, contributions to the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans totaled \$2,231,924 and \$1,180,870, respectively.

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

			Employer Paid
	Employer	Employee	Member
	Contribution	Contribution	Contribution
	Rates	Rates	Rates
Miscellaneous	8.924%	7.250%	3.500%
Miscellaneous PEPRA	8.924%	6.250%	0.000%
Safety	18.867%	9.000%	4.500%
Safety PEPRA	18.867%	11.750%	0.000%

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase Varies by entry-age and service

Mortality

Post-Retirement Benefit Increase

Derived using CalPERs membership data for all funds

Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power

applies, 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011 including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions

In 2018, the accounting discount rate remained at 7.15 percent. In 2017 the discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent.

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The following table reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.0 %	4.80 %	5.98 %
Fixed Income	28.0	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.0	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13.0	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0	-	(0.09)

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

As of June 30, 2019, the changes in the net pension liability of the agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	T	otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position			Net Pension ability (Asset)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	216,344,944	\$	152,604,629	\$	63,740,315
Change in the Year:						
Service Cost		3,878,758		-		3,878,758
Interest on Total Pension Liability		15,334,247		-		15,334,247
Changes of assumptions Differences Between Expected and		(1,210,749)				
Actual Experience		1,844,961		-		1,844,961
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(372)		372
Contributions - Employer		-		5,434,746		(5,434,746)
Contributions - Employee		-		1,633,044		(1,633,044)
Net Investment Income		-		12,829,136		(12,829,136)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(12,949,961)		(12,949,961)		-
Administrative Expenses		-		(240,022)		240,022
Other Changes				(1,051,364)		1,051,364
Net Changes		6,897,256		5,655,207		1,242,049
Balance - June 30, 2018	\$	223,242,200	\$	158,259,836	\$	64,982,364
			Incre	ease (Decrease)		
	T	otal Pension		lan Fiduciary	١	let Pension
<u>Safety</u>		Liability	1	Net Position	Lia	ability (Asset)
Balance - June 30, 2017	\$	93,345,179	\$	69,836,622	\$	23,508,557
Change in the Year:						
Service Cost		1,796,928		-		1,796,928
Interest on Total Pension Liability		6,531,838		-		6,531,838
Changes in Assumptions		(376,457)		-		(376,457)
Differences Between Expected		(407.405)				(407.405)
and Actual Experience		(197,425)		(470)		(197,425)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(170)		170
Contributions - Employer		-		2,077,442		(2,077,442)
Contributions - Employee		-		634,299		(634,299)
Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		-		5,755,470		(5,755,470)
of Employee Contributions		(4,630,733)		(4,630,733)		_
Administrative Expenses		(7,000,700)		(108,825)		108,825
Othr Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		_		(206,660)		206,660
Net Changes		3,124,151		3,520,823		(396,672)
Balance - June 30, 2018	\$	96,469,330	\$	73,357,445	\$	23,111,885

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability for the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
Miscellaneous	\$ 97,691,342	\$ 64,982,364	\$ 45,751,417
Safety	36,466,582	23,111,885	12,179,854

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$13,734,615. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
Miscellaneous Plan	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$ 2,231,924	\$ -	
Change in Assumptions	2,542,752	762,323	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,161,642	292,038	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Plan Investments	607,200		
Total	\$ 6,543,518	\$ 1,054,361	
	Deferred	Deferred	
Safety Plan	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
Safety Plan			
Safety Plan Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	Outflows of	Inflows of	
•	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,180,870	Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Change in Assumptions	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,180,870	Inflows of Resources \$ - 274,712	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Change in Assumptions Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,180,870	Inflows of Resources \$ - 274,712	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Change in Assumptions Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,180,870	Inflows of Resources \$ - 274,712	

NOTE 12 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

\$3,412,794 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Misc.		Misc.		Safety	
2020	\$	4,638,807		\$	2,046,165	
2021		628,942			570,538	
2022		(1,594,492)			(791,487)	
2023		(416,024)			(173,867)	
Thereafter		-			-	
Total	\$	3,257,233		\$	1,651,349	

NOTE 13 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the County provides posretirement healthcare benefits under its Retiree Healthcare Plan in accordance with various labor agreements. The County contributes to the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), an agent multiple employer plan. PARS issues audited financial statements with supplementary information. Copies of the annual financial report may be obtained by contacting PARS at www.pars.org.

The County funding policy is to contribute 0% to 2% of pay depending on the annual budget. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$150,058 to the plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms

Inactives currently receiving benefits	412
Inactives entittled to but not yet receiving	
benefits	245
Active employees	588
Total	1,245

NOTE 13 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) – (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Net OPEB Liability was determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Contribution Policy County funding policy is to contribute 0% to 2%

of pay depending on the annual budget. Currently the County has budgeted 0.75% for FYE 2019, and

0.50 for FYE 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate

3.87% at June 30, 2018 2.87% at June 30, 2017 2.75% per annum

Inflation

Mortality, Retirement, Disability

Termination CalPERS 1997-2011Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Projected fully generationsal with Scale MP-2016

Healthcare Participation for Future

Retirees Laborers: 50% PEMHCA: 65%

Salary Increases Merit - CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study
Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4% for

2076 and later

Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4% for

2076 and later

Medical Plan at Retirement Currently covered, current election

Not currently covered: assumed to have Other Southern

CA United Healthcare coverage Different for Laborers/PEMHCA

Spouse Coverage Different for Laborers/PEMHCA

Medicate Eligibility Rate All Miscellaneous, and Safety actives hired after

4/1/86: 100% : Safety activies hired after 4/1/86:

80%; Safety retirees age <65: 90%

ACA Excise Tax Estimated by 3% load to cash liabilities

NOTE 13 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)- (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date June 30, 2017)	\$	46,998,000
Changes in the year: Service cost Interest Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds* Net changes Balance at June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date June 30, 2018)	\$	2,343,074 1,740,121 (643,855) (3,063,897) (1,468,676) (1,093,233) 45,904,767
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$	1,929,256 (2,139) (1,468,676) (357)
Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net positions- beginning [c]		458,084 -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending[d]		458,084
Net OPEB liability - beginning [a] - [c] Net OPEB liability - ending [b] - [d]		46,998,000 45,446,683

^{*} Includes \$1,076,676 in cash and \$392,000 in implied subsidy payments

NOTE 13 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) – (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	Current Discount				
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 53,434,287	\$ 45,446,683	\$ 39,123,098		

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Current Discount					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	38,473,546	\$	45,446,683	\$	54,409,072	

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$2,408,882. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, and actuarial assumptions or method. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Deferred

	Deterred	Í	L	Jererrea
	Outflows	of	0	utflows of
	Resource	S	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -		\$	530,898
Changes in assumptions	-			6,269,371
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments	6,3	26		-
Employer contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date	1,790,6	98		
Total	1,797,0	24		6,800,269

NOTE 13 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)- (CONTINUED)

The employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be amortized in the next year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ (1,668,901)
2021	(1,668,901)
2022	(1,668,901)
2023	(1,331,903)
2024	(455,337)
	\$ (6,793,943)

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has Risk Management Funds (internal service funds) to account for and finance its risk management programs. The County is self-insured for unemployment and is covered by the California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority for liability and workers' compensation. CSAC Excess Insurance Authority is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for Counties. Should actual loss among participants be greater than anticipated, the County will be assessed its pro rata share of the deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the County will be refunded its pro rata share of the excess. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The claims liability of the County is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Actual claims liability at June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		General
Unemplo	oyment	 Liability
	14,353	1,716,396
\$ 4	14,353	\$ 1,716,396

Changes in the County's estimated claims liability amount for the fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019 were as follows:

	Beg	Beginning of		nanges in		Claims		End of	
Year Ended		Year		stimates	P	ayments	Year		
2017	\$	48,481	\$	166,584	\$	184,523	\$	30,542	
2018		30,542		161,625		151,562		40,605	
2019		40,605		1,997,714		277,570		1,760,749	

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is involved in several lawsuits. Due to the nature of the cases, County Counsel believes that there are no unfavorable outcomes at this time. Therefore, no provision has been made in the financial statements for a loss contingency.

The County had the following encumbrances at June 30, 2019, General fund \$479,067, Road \$217,486, Human Services \$265,310, Behavioral Health Services \$414,514, Public Health \$85,863, HCD Block Grants \$49,000 and nonmajor governmental funds \$527,072.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	Miscellaneous Plan Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016			June 30, 2015
		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	\$	4,146,232	\$	4,080,402	\$	3,814,642	\$	3,921,365	\$	4,032,057
Interest on Total Pension Liability		16,391,676		15,874,568		15,662,138		15,306,635		14,785,256
Changes of Assumptions		(1,294,241)		11,778,421		-		(3,373,129)		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,972,187		(1,352,721)		(2,612,807)		(1,400,398)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	•	(40.040.070)		(40.004.404)		(40.470.050)		(11.050.155)		(40 747 700)
Proportional Differences Between County and	\$	(13,842,973)		(13,024,164)		(12,470,253)		(11,359,175)		(10,717,760)
Court Shares										
Court Shares			_							
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		7,372,881		17,356,506		4,393,720		3,095,298		8,099,553
Total Pension Liability – Beginning		233,424,674		216,068,168	_	211,674,448		208,579,150		200,479,597
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$	240,797,555	\$	233,424,674	\$	216,068,168	\$	211,674,448	\$	208,579,150
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions – Employer	\$	5,809,519	\$	4,993,146	\$	4,453,500	\$	4,123,125	\$	3,898,118
Contributions – Employee		1,745,657		1,750,684		1,797,938		1,712,785		1,760,122
Net Investment Income		13,713,816		17,053,525		922,883		3,603,472		24,399,010
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee										
Contributions		(13,842,973)		(13,024,164)		(12,470,253)		(11,359,175)		(10,717,760)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		398				(1,562)				
Admin Expense		(256,574)		(227,528)		(97,208)		(180,686)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		(487,237)								
						<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		6,682,606		10,545,663		(5,394,702)		(2,100,479)		19,339,490
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning		164,752,233		154,206,570	_	159,601,272	_	161,701,751	_	142,362,261
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$	171,434,839	\$	164,752,233	\$	154,206,570	\$	159,601,272	\$	161,701,751
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) -										
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	69,362,716	\$	68,672,441	\$	61,861,598	\$	52,073,176	\$	46,877,399
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		71.19%		70.58%		71.37%		75.40%		77.48%
Covered Payroll	\$	25,834,828	\$	25,043,898	\$	25,527,947	\$	25,688,599	\$	25,341,316
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of										
Covered Payroll		268.49%		274.21%		242.33%		202.71%		184.98%

Note: The County of Siskiyou participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements. However, the plan also includes the Siskiyou Courts which are considered to be external parties to the County. The County's portion of the net pension liability was \$64,982,364 or 93.68 percent of the total at June 30, 2019.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY PENSION PLAN JLE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	Safety Plan									
	Reporting Fiscal Year									
				(Mea	surement Date	e)			
	J	une 30, 2019	J	lune 30, 2018	J	June 30, 2017 June 30, 201			June 30, 2015	
	J	une 30, 2018	J	June 30, 2017		une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015	J	une 30, 2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	\$	1,796,928	\$	1,768,511	\$	1,623,369	\$	1,707,413	\$	1,726,020
Interest on Total Pension Liability		6,531,838		6,314,988		6,162,216		5,858,239		5,617,226
Changes of Assumptions		(376,457)		5,410,380		-		(1,485,890)		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(197,425)		(1,312,506)		321,880		(596,337)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee										
Contributions	_	(4,630,733)	_	(4,351,161)		(4,021,585)	_	(3,722,316)	_	(3,417,214)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,124,151		7,830,212		4,085,880		1,761,109		3,926,032
Total Pension Liability – Beginning		93,345,179		85,514,967		81,429,087		79,667,978		75,741,946
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$	96,469,330	\$	93,345,179	\$	85,514,967	\$	81,429,087	\$	79,667,978
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions – Employer	\$	2,077,442	\$	1,789,627	\$	1,583,594	\$	1,474,826	\$	1,417,277
Contributions – Employee		634,299		673,620		612,784		582,501		626,305
Net Investment Income		5,755,470		7,077,864		337,939		1,497,440		9,932,161
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee										
Contributions		(4,630,733)		(4,351,161)		(4,021,585)		(3,722,316)		(3,417,214)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement				-		1,562				
Admin Expense		(108,825)		(95,588)		(40,387)		(74,598)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		(206,660)								
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		3,520,993		5,094,362		(1,526,093)		(242,147)		8,558,529
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning		69,836,622		64,742,260		66,268,353	_	66,510,500		57,951,971
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$	73,357,615	\$	69,836,622	\$	64,742,260	\$	66,268,353	\$	66,510,500
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) –										
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	23,111,715	\$	23,508,557	\$	20,772,707	\$	15,160,734	\$	13,157,478
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		76.04%		74.82%		75.71%		81.38%		83.48%
Covered Payroll	\$	6,052,098	\$	6,735,665	\$	6,075,030	\$	6,244,883	\$	6,050,903
	Ψ	5,002,000	Ψ	3,700,000	Ψ	5,010,000	Ψ	5,211,000	Ψ	2,000,000
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of										
Covered Payroll		381.88%		349.02%		341.94%		242.77%		217.45%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY PENSION PLANS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	Miscellaneous Plan									
		R	Reporting Fiscal Yea	ar	•					
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015					
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 2,231,924	\$ 2,183,308	\$ 4,993,144	\$ 4,453,500	\$ 4,123,125					
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially										
Determined Contribution	(2,231,924)	(2,183,308)	(4,993,144)	(4,453,500)	(4,123,125)					
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Covered Payroll	\$ 25,010,354	\$ 25,032,194	\$ 26,012,216	\$ 25,527,947	\$ 25,688,599					
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll	8.92%	8.72%	19.20%	17.45%	16.05%					
			Safety Plan							
		F	Reporting Fiscal Yea	ar						
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016 June 30, 20						
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 1,180,870	\$ 1,160,930	\$ 1,789,627	\$ 1,583,594	\$ 1,474,826					
Determined Contribution	(1,180,870)	(1,160,930)	(1,789,627)	(1,583,594)	(1,484,826)					
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(1,100,010)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,258,918	\$ 6,324,526	\$ 6,735,665	\$ 6,075,030	\$ 6,244,883					
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered										
Payroll	18.87%	18.36%	26.57%	26.07%	23.62%					

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO COUNTY PENSION PLAN JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Benefit Changes

The figures do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2016 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Change of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTE 2 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Change of Assumptions

In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5% discount rate.

NOTE 3 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates were as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method For details, see June 30, 2016 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial value of assets. For details, see June 30, 2016 Funding

Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative

Expense; includes Inflation.

Retirement Age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB

published by the Society of Actuaries.

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	(MD	2018-19 June 30, 2018)	(MD	2017-18 June 30, 2017)
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	\$	2,343,074	\$	2,716,000
Interest	Ф	2,343,074 1,740,121	Ф	1,482,000
Differences between actual and expected experience		(643,855)		1,402,000
Changes in assumptions		(3,063,897)		(5,783,000)
Changes in benefit terms		(0,000,001)		(0,: 00,000)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,468,676)		(1,460,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,093,233)		(3,045,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning [a]		46,998,000		50,043,000
Total OPEB liability - ending [b]	\$	45,904,767	\$	46,998,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	1,929,256	\$	-
Net investment income		(2,139)		-
Benefit payments		(1,468,676)		-
Trustee fees				-
Administrative expenses		(357)		-
Net change in fiduciary net position		458,084		-
Plan fiduciary net positions- beginning [c]		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending[d]	\$	458,084	\$	-
Net OPEB liability - beginning [a] - [c]		46,998,000		50,043,000
Net OPEB liability - ending [b] - [d]		45,446,683		46,998,000
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		1.0%		0.0%
Covered payroll	\$	30,555,282	\$	31,003,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		148.74%		151.59%

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 14,203,511	\$ 14,260,353	\$ 14,260,352	\$ (1)
Licenses and Permits	715,903	784,250	784,250	-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	1,656,056	1,497,399	1,497,399	-
Use of Money and Property	101,524	208,482	597,299	388,817
Intergovernmental	16,170,698	15,125,917	15,125,915	(2)
Charges for Services	3,197,807	3,093,599	3,093,598	(1)
Other Revenues	1,741,407	564,589	564,591	2
Total Revenues	37,786,906	35,534,589	35,923,404	388,815
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	11,673,059	10,938,069	7,892,567	3,045,502
Public Protection	29,533,290	27,582,642	26,250,209	1,332,433
Health and Welfare	32,600	32,600	32,337	263
Public Assistance	338,116	315,759	287,052	28,707
Education	915,525	885,305	819,225	66,080
Culture and Recreation	142,790	139,474	129,704	9,770
Public Ways and Facilities	-	1,243	1,243	-
Debt Service				
Principal	103,310	103,310	103,310	-
Interest and Other Charges	11,261	11,261	11,260	1
Capital Outlay	672,030	473,155	450,025	23,130
Appropriations for Contingency	500,000	335,895		335,895
Total Expenditures	43,921,981	40,818,713	35,976,932	4,841,781
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,135,075)	(5,284,124)	(53,528)	5,230,596
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	13,802,978	14,690,646	14,690,646	-
Transfers Out	(15,447,392)	(15,597,399)	(16,395,512)	(798,113)
Sale of Capital Assets	15,000	8,236	8,236	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(1,629,414)	(898,517)	(1,696,630)	(798,113)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,764,489)	(6,182,641)	(1,750,158)	4,432,483
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	11,600,857	11,600,857	11,600,857	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,836,368	\$ 5,418,216	\$ 9,850,699	\$ 4,432,483

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD – MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 180,000	\$ 272,260	\$ 272,260	\$ -		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties			25	25		
Use of Money and Property	50,150	52,321	148,177	95,856		
Intergovernmental	12,693,976	12,294,496	12,294,495	(1)		
Charges for Services	205,800	742,489	742,489	-		
Other Revenues	800	30,242	30,242			
Total Revenues	13,130,726	13,391,808	13,487,688	95,880		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Way and Facilities	11,578,106	9,492,638	9,339,545	153,093		
Capital Outlay	4,832,500	3,491,611	3,491,609	2		
Total Expenditures	16,410,606	12,984,249	12,831,154	153,095		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,279,880)	407,559	656,534	248,975		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	85,450	92,286	92,286	-		
Transfers Out	3,480	3,329	(111,883)	(115,212)		
Sale of Capital Assets Total Other Financing	5,000	-	-	-		
Sources (Uses)	93,930	95,615	(19,597)	(115,212)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,185,950)	503,174	636,937	133,763		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	4,460,427	4,460,427	4,460,427	-		
Change in Inventory on Purchase Method			51,798	51,798		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,274,477	\$ 4,963,601	\$ 5,149,162	\$ 185,561		

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES – MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,105,257	\$ 3,204,230	\$ 3,204,230	\$ -
Use of Money and Property	66,231	99,074	231,625	132,551
Charges for Services	-	1,818	1,818	-
Intergovernmental	21,925,667	21,272,783	21,272,783	-
Other Revenues	182,271	49,687	49,687	
Total Revenues	25,279,426	24,627,592	24,760,143	132,551
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Assistance	25,060,880	23,063,426	22,853,933	209,493
Capital Outlay	197,581	142,418	142,417	1
Total Expenditures	25,258,461	23,205,844	22,996,350	209,494
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20,965	1,421,748	1,763,793	342,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	384,704	262,836	262,837	1
Transfers Out	(664,652)	(218,068)	(370,272)	(152,204)
Sale of Capital Assets		1,100	1,100	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(279,948)	45,868	(106,335)	(152,203)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(258,983)	1,467,616	1,657,458	189,842
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	5,992,536	5,992,536	5,992,536	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,733,553	\$ 7,460,152	\$ 7,649,994	\$ 189,842

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES – MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,671,228	\$ 1,671,235	\$ 1,671,235	\$ -
Fines and Forfeitures	3,100	4,742	4,742	-
Use of Money and Property	102,320	196,820	420,364	223,544
Intergovernmental	9,380,755	9,795,935	9,795,937	2
Charges for Services	71,002	53,610	53,609	(1)
Other Revenues	79,713	1,016	1,016	
Total Revenues	11,308,118	11,723,358	11,946,903	223,545
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Health and Welfare	14,318,154	11,543,504	11,277,164	266,340
Debt service:				
Principal	200,000	200,000	200,000	-
Capital Outlay	265,000	75,802	75,802	
Total Expenditures	14,783,154	11,819,306	11,552,966	266,340
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,475,036)	(95,948)	393,937	489,885
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	3,637,054	4,633,480	4,633,480	-
Transfers Out	(3,484,548)	(4,679,480)	(4,792,813)	(113,333)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	152,506	(46,000)	(159,333)	(113,333)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,322,530)	(141,948)	234,604	376,552
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	11,623,676	11,623,676	11,623,676	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,301,146	\$ 11,481,728	\$ 11,858,280	\$ 376,552

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND – MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Fina	al Budget
REVENUES						_		
Use of Money and Property	\$	9,507	\$	20,081	\$	38,409	\$	18,328
Other Revenues		49,553		283,140		283,141		1_
Total Revenues		59,060		303,221		321,550		18,329
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public Assistance		53,314		3,503		3,389		114
Total Expenditures		53,314		3,503		3,389		114
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,746		299,718		318,161		18,443
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		47,004		197,881		197,881		-
Transfers Out		(181,316)		(287,402)		(287,401)		1
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(134,312)		(89,521)		(89,520)		1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(128,566)		210,197		228,641		18,444
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		992,330		992,330		992,330		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	863,764	\$	1,202,527	\$	1,220,971	\$	18,444

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC HEALTH FUND – MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget_
REVENUES		_		_		_		
Taxes	\$	105,757	\$	227,738	\$	227,738	\$	-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		747		494		493		(1)
Use of Money and Property		36,599		84,925		189,945		105,020
Charges for Services		83,050		292,679		292,679		-
Intergovernmental		4,068,549		3,554,961		3,554,960		(1)
Other Revenues				127		127		_
Total Revenues		4,294,702		4,160,924		4,265,942		105,018
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Health and Sanitation		3,692,106		3,412,547		3,217,337		195,210
Capital Outlay						293,532		(293,532)
Total Expenditures		3,692,106		3,412,547		3,510,869		(98,322)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		602,596		748,377		755,073		6,696
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HOES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						000 057		000 057
Transfers In		-		-		882,957	,	882,957
Transfers Out Total Other Financing			_		_	(1,781,874)		1,781,874)
Sources (Uses)						(898,917)		(898,917)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		602,596		748,377		(143,844)		(892,221)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		5,025,362		5,025,362		5,025,362		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	5,627,958	\$	5,773,739	\$	4,881,518	\$	(892,221)

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The County presents a comparison of annual budgets to actual results for the County's General and Major Special Revenue funds. The amounts reported on the budgetary basis are generally on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 and 29143, inclusive, of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before August 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an appropriation ordinance. This ordinance mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County's Board of Supervisors.

The following procedures are performed by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The County Administrative Officer and the Auditor-Controller submit to the Board of Supervisors a recommended budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes recommended expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) The Board of Supervisors reviews the recommended budget at regularly scheduled meetings, which are open to the public. The Board also conducts a public hearing on the recommended budget to obtain comments from interested persons.
- 3) Prior to October 2, the budget is adopted through the passage of a resolution.
- 4) From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the department level, the amounts stated therein, as recommended expenditures become appropriations to the various County departments. The Board of Supervisors may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The Auditor-Controller may authorize transfers from one object or purpose to another within the same department.

The County uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for the General and other governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward in the ensuing year's budget.

The Public Health Fund reported excess expenditures over appropriations of \$98,322 and net transfers out of \$898,917 in excess of appropriations.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING NONMAJOR FUND STATEMENTS

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Debt Service Funds	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,259,747	\$ 2,524,746	\$ 1,205,394	\$12,989,887
Imprest cash	150	-	-	150
Cash with fiscal agent	148,199	-	-	148,199
Receivables				
Accounts	509,699	6,323	53,300	569,322
Interest	31,079	9,627	5,609	46,315
Taxes	1,482	-	-	1,482
Intergovernmental	186,413	2	-	186,415
Due from Other Funds	663,729	-	106,402	770,131
Prepaid Costs	270			270
Total Assets	\$10,800,768	\$ 2,540,698	\$ 1,370,705	\$14,712,171
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 400,855	\$ 13,429	\$ -	\$ 414,284
Salaries and Benefits Payable	176,063	-	-	176,063
Due to Other Funds	309,344	107,594		416,938
Total Liabilities	886,262	121,023	-	1,007,285
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue	18,998	2		19,000
Total Deferrals	18,998	2	-	19,000
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	270	-		270
Restricted	5,116,783	14,131	-	5,130,914
Committed	2,567,003	1	-	2,567,004
Assigned	2,222,419	2,405,541	1,370,705	5,998,665
Unassigned	(10,967)			(10,967)
Total Fund Balances	9,895,508	2,419,673	1,370,705	13,685,886
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$10,800,768	\$ 2,540,698	\$ 1,370,705	\$14,712,171

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Debt Service Funds	Totals
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 414,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 414,384
Licenses and Permits	471,446	-	-	471,446
Intergovernmental	6,660,591	-	-	6,660,591
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	9,248	83,302	-	92,550
Use of Money and Property	3,783,272	26,352	46,189	3,855,813
Charges for Services	559,340	-	-	559,340
Other Revenues	(17,151)	-	72,205	55,054
Total Revenues	11,881,130	109,654	118,394	12,109,178
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	4,013	-	5,404	9,417
Public Protection	6,748,213	-	-	6,748,213
Health and Welfare	2,740,254	-	-	2,740,254
Public Assistance	-	-	-	-
Public Ways and Facilities	187,204	-	-	187,204
Education	8,821	-	-	8,821
Debt Service				
Principal	4,000		566,241	570,241
Interest	7,326	-	890,888	898,214
Capital Outlay	158,825	388,060	-	546,885
Total Expenditures	9,858,656	388,060	1,462,533	11,709,249
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,022,474	(278,406)	(1,344,139)	399,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0.000.004	0.500.000	4 400 700	0.000.440
Transfers In	2,096,881	2,526,803	1,468,762	6,092,446
Transfers Out	(3,217,323)	(106,402)	-	(3,323,725)
Sale of Capital Assets	1,373			1,373
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,119,069)	2,420,401	1,468,762	2,770,094
0001000 (0000)	(1,110,000)	2,420,401	1,400,702	2,110,004
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	903,405	2,141,995	124,623	3,170,023
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	8,992,103	277,678	1,246,082	10,515,863
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,895,508	\$ 2,419,673	\$ 1,370,705	\$ 13,685,886

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Chi	Dept. of Id Support Services	ish and Game	Ge	othermal	General ounty Fire	lanning rojects
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	444,076	\$ 31,439	\$	98,310	\$ 390,270	\$ 258
Imprest cash		100	-		-	-	-
Cash with fiscal agent		51,934	-		-	-	-
Receivables:							
Accounts			102		-	4,740	55,169
Interest		2,154	117		493	1,926	(1)
Taxes		-	-		-	150	
Intergovernmental		-	-		-	2,715	629
Due from Other Funds		-	-		-	-	-
Prepaid Costs					-		
Total Assets	\$	498,264	\$ 31,658	\$	98,803	\$ 399,801	\$ 56,055
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	3,055	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 76,350	\$ 55,938
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		51,344	-		-	-	-
Due to Other Funds		1,688			1,110	 640	
Total Liabilities		56,087	-		1,110	76,990	55,938
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue		_			_		11,084
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-	-	11,084
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-	-		-	-	-
Restricted		51,634	-		97,693	260	-
Committed		100	-		-	31,239	-
Assigned		390,443	31,658		-	291,312	-
Unassigned		_					(10,967)
Total Fund Balances		442,177	31,658		97,693	322,811	(10,967)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	498,264	\$ 31,658	\$	98,803	\$ 399,801	\$ 56,055

Inmate Health Program	Local Community Corrections	HR 2389 Title III	Used Oil Recycling Grant	Library Donations	District Attorney Forfeiture Funds	Domestic Violence
\$ 81,485	\$ -	\$ 507,486	\$ 95,310	\$ 10,880	\$ 248,804	\$ 4,257
- 7,454	43,751	-	-	-	-	-
- 896	-	1,506	- 319	- 53	- 929	55 19
168,750	72,474 -	-	3,532	-	-	-
	-	-				
\$ 258,585	\$ 116,225	\$ 508,992	\$ 99,161	\$ 10,933	\$ 249,733	\$ 4,331
\$ 91,299 14,342 121,568 227,209	\$ 3,878 52,877 17,536 74,291	\$	\$ 630 - 200 830	\$ 2,721	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,492 - - - 1,492
-	17	-	-		-	-
- 7,441	- 41,917	- -	- 98,331	-	- 249,733	- 2,839
23,935	-	508,992	-	8,212	-	-
31,376	41,917	508,992	98,331	8,212	249,733	2,839
\$ 258,585	<u>\$ 116,225</u>	\$ 508,992	\$ 99,161	\$ 10,933	\$ 249,733	\$ 4,331

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

400570	Env	rironmental Health	Co	ommunity orrections rformance	(Animal Control Facility	O	Citizens otions for olic Safety Grant
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	240 224	\$	105 110	\$	27 24 4	\$	204 705
Imprest cash	Ф	348,321	Ф	125,113	Ф	27,314	Ф	204,785
Restricted Cash		29,702		3,832		_		-
Receivables:		20,702		0,002				
Accounts		10,191		-		40		-
Interest		1,819		500		98		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		55,081		50,000		-		-
Due from Other Funds		452,262		-		-		-
Prepaid Costs		270		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	897,646	\$	179,445	\$	27,452	\$	204,785
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	5,089	\$	1,192	\$	50	\$	-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		36,660		4,093		-		-
Due to Other Funds		32,337		-				38,233
Total Liabilities		74,086		5,285		50		38,233
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue		1,419		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,419		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		270		-		-		-
Restricted		99,070		174,160		-		166,552
Committed		-		-		27,402		-
Assigned		722,801		-		-		-
Unassigned				-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		822,141		174,160		27,402		166,552
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	897,646	\$	179,445	\$	27,452	\$	204,785

Compr Lan	rport ehensive d Use Plan	aı	od Control nd Water nservation District		Air Pollution and 2.5 Grant	Local Transportation Commission		Asso Gove	skiyou ociation of ernmental ntities	County Service Area #3	5	County Service Area #4
\$	3,782 - -	\$	202,433 - 5,477	\$	180,717 50 6,049	\$	138,480	\$	1,943 - -	\$ 251,000 - -	\$	24,634 - -
	- 14 -		51,180 976 100		964 306 -		593 -		- 7 -	1,004 338		92 2
	- -		36,165 -		3,020				<u>-</u>	 - -		<u>-</u>
\$	3,796	\$	296,331	\$	191,106	\$	139,073	\$	1,950	\$ 252,342	\$	24,728
\$	- - - -	\$	21,353 9,678 60,803 91,834	\$	22,134 7,069 <u>88</u> 29,291	\$	30,803 - 19,611 50,414	\$		\$ 1,280	\$	- - -
	-		-		964 964		-		-	-		-
	3,796 - - - - 3,796		5,477 - 199,020 - 204,497	_	160,801 50 - 160,851		88,659 - - - 88,659		1,950 - - - - 1,950	251,062 - - 251,062		24,728 - - - 24,728
\$	3,796	\$	296,331	\$	191,106	\$	139,073	\$	1,950	\$ 252,342	\$	24,728

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	County Service Area #5		Hammond Ranch Fire Zone		McCloud Fire Zone		Mt. Shasta Vista Fire Zone		Plesant Valley Fire Zone	
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	104,169	\$	263,356	\$	196,312	\$	98,076	\$	113,123
Imprest cah		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Cash		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables: Accounts				1,780				222		296
Interest		389		992		755		398		420
Taxes		(16)		76		351		390		91
Intergovernmental		(10)		-		-		5,514		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		_		-		-
Prepaid Costs		-		_		_		-		-
·										
Total Assets	\$	104,542	\$	266,204	\$	197,418	\$	104,600	\$	113,930
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	1,197	\$	_	\$	58	\$	51
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Due to Other Funds		_		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		-		1,197		-		58		51
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue				-		-		5,514		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		5,514		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		_		_		_		_
Restricted		104,542		265,007		197,418		99,028		113,879
Committed		-		-		, <u>-</u>		· -		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		104,542		265,007		197,418		99,028		113,879
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	104,542	\$	266,204	\$	197,418	\$	104,600	\$	113,930

C	arl Moyer	lnn	Local	ke Siskiyou droelectric	
	r Pollution		baccount	 Project	 Totals
\$	578,772	\$	54,054 -	\$ 4,430,788	\$ 9,259,747 150
	-		-	-	148,199
	-		-	384,960	509,699
	1,766		204	12,335	31,079 1,482
			_	_	186,413
	_		_	_	663,729
	-		_	_	270
\$	580,538	\$	54,258	\$ 4,828,083	\$ 10,800,768
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 82,285	\$ 400,855
	-		-	-	176,063
	1,910		-	 13,620	 309,344
	1,910		-	95,905	886,262
	-		-	-	18,998
	-		_	 -	18,998
	_		_	_	270
	578,628		_	2,232,178	5,116,783
	-		_	2,500,000	2,567,003
	-		54,258	-	2,222,419
	-		-	-	(10,967)
	578,628		54,258	4,732,178	9,895,508
\$	580,538	\$	54,258	\$ 4,828,083	\$ 10,800,768

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Dept. of Child Support Services		and me	Ge	othermal	General ounty Fire	lanning Projects
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 148,709	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-		-		-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-		1,299		-	-	-
Use of Money and Property	22,130		1,050		6,062	217,922	3
Intergovernmental	1,852,161		-		5,723	2,216	-
Charges for Services	-		-		-	38,456	135,367
Other Revenues			-		_	17,663	-
Total Revenues	1,874,291		2,349		11,785	424,966	135,370
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government							
Public Protection	1,715,907		550		3,716	452,265	134,929
Health and Sanitation	1,715,907		550		3,710	452,265	134,929
	-		-		-	-	-
Public Ways and Facilities	-		-		-	-	-
Education	-		-		-	-	-
Debt Service:							
Principal	-		-		-	-	-
Interest and Other Charges	-		-		-	-	-
Capital Outlay			-		_	20,596	
Total Expenditures	1,715,907		550		3,716	472,861	134,929
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	158,384		1,799		8,069	(47,895)	441
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	- (27,787)		- -		- (91,599)	54,185 -	-
Sale of Capital Assets						-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,787)		_		(91,599)	54,185	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	130,597		1,799		(83,530)	6,290	441
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year,	311,580		29,859		181,223	316,521	(11,408)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 442,177	\$ 3	31,658	\$	97,693	\$ 322,811	\$ (10,967)

Inmate Health Program	Local Community Corrections	HR 2389 Title III	Used Oil Recycling Grant	Library Donations	District Attorney Forfeiture Funds	Domestic Violence
\$ - 23	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
9,453 24,976	5,887 1,575,566	8,723 246,105	2,505 43,812	463	6,185 8,404	1,714 185
733	660	240,103	-	-	-	5,359
19,440 54,625	1,582,223	254,828	3,532 49,849	3,691 4,154	14,589	7,258
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 659,294	1,379,391	-	- 27,273	-	5,000	8,969 -
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-	-	8,821	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
659,294	1,379,391		27,273	8,821	5,000	8,969
000,204	1,575,551		21,210	0,021	3,000	0,303
(604,669)	202,832	254,828	22,576	(4,667)	9,589	(1,711)
675,000 (125,979)	67,982 (266,661)	- - -	(500)	- - -	- - -	(465) -
549,021	(198,679)		(500)			(465)
(55,648)	4,153	254,828	22,076	(4,667)	9,589	(2,176)
87,024	37,764	254,164	76,255	12,879	240,144	5,015
\$ 31,376	\$ 41,917	\$ 508,992	\$ 98,331	\$ 8,212	\$ 249,733	\$ 2,839

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Environmental Health	Community Corrections Performance	Animal Control Facility	Citizens Options for Public Safety Grant
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and Permits Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Charges for Services Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$ - 301,792 40 14,808 72,812 88,971 (68,125) 410,298	\$ - 3,204 200,000 - 203,204	\$ - 857 - 6,431 7,288	\$ - 4,808 1,673,096 - 1,677,904
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Protection Health and Sanitation Public Ways and Facilities Education Debt Service: Principal Interest and Other Charges Capital Outlay	983,103 - - - - 1,642	- 110,450 - - - - -	3,876 - - - - -	- 1,526,881 - - - - -
Total Expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	984,745	110,450	3,876	1,526,881
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Sale of Capital Assets Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(574,447) 845,814 (117,881) 	92,754 - (20,755) - (20,755)	3,412	151,023 - (175,654) - (175,654)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	153,486	71,999	3,412	(24,631)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	668,655	102,161	23,990	191,183
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 822,141	\$ 174,160	\$ 27,402	\$ 166,552

Airport Comprehensi Land Use Plan	ve	Flood Control and Water Conservation District	Air Pollution and 2.5 Grant	Local Association of Government Commission Entities		County Service Area #3	County Service Area #4
	- \$\frac{9}{29} - \frac{1}{29}	87,624 1,481 93,497 414,982	\$ - 54,362 10 3,073 272,333 105 20 329,903	\$ 19,620 - 2,372 131,926 2,461 - 156,379	\$ - - 56 - - - 56	\$ 127,274 	\$ 1,670 - 799 27 - 2,496
	-	718,920 - - - - -	315,262 - - -	- - - 187,204 - - -	- (434) - - - - -	123,620 - - - - 31,527	137 - - - - -
		718,920	315,262	187,204	(434)	155,147	137
1:	29	(303,938)	14,641	(30,825)	490	14,713	2,359
	- - <u>-</u>	356,250 (34,469)	97,650 (3,513)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
	<u>-</u> _	321,781	94,137				
12	29	17,843	108,778	(30,825)	490	14,713	2,359
3,60	67	186,654	52,073	119,484	1,460	236,349	22,369
\$ 3,79	96 \$	204,497	\$ 160,851	\$ 88,659	\$ 1,950	\$ 251,062	\$ 24,728

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	County Service Area #5	Hammond Ranch Fire Zone	McCloud Fire Zone	Mt. Shasta Vista Fire Zone	Plesant Valley Fire Zone	
REVENUES			_		_	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	- 0.040	0.400		- 0.000	0.507	
Use of Money and Property	3,613	8,166	6,299	3,628	3,587	
Intergovernmental	0.700	4,221	45.000	- 04.000	40.040	
Charges for Services	6,708	67,638	45,222	24,289	18,048	
Other Revenues	40.004	1 20 000		57	29	
Total Revenues	10,321	80,026	51,521	27,974	21,664	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government	_	_	_	_	_	
Public Protection	_	39,767	10,822	32,038	7,028	
Health and Sanitation	(1,448)	-	10,022	-	7,020	
Public Ways and Facilities	(1,110)	_	_	_	_	
Education	_	_	_	_	_	
Debt Service:						
Principal	4,000	_	_	_	_	
Interest and Other Charges	7,326	_	_	_	_	
Capital Outlay	- ,020	_	_	_	_	
Total Expenditures	9,878	39,767	10,822	32,038	7,028	
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	443	40,259	40,699	(4,064)	14,636	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In						
Transfers Out	_	_	_	-	-	
Sale of Capital Assets	_	1,373	_	_	_	
Total Other Financing		1,070				
Sources (Uses)		1,373				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	443	41,632	40,699	(4,064)	14,636	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	104,099	223,375	156,719	103,092	99,243	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 104,542	\$ 265,007	\$ 197,418	\$ 99,028	\$ 113,879	

Carl Moyer Air Pollution	Local Innovention Subaccount	Lake Siskiyou Hydroelectric Project	Totals
All I dilation	Odbaccount	TTOJECT	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 414,384
Ψ _	Ψ -	Ψ -	471,446
_	_	_	9,248
24,391	1,011	3,323,242	3,783,272
506,934	45,260	-	6,660,591
-	-	-	559,340
			(17,151)
531,325	46,271	3,323,242	11,881,130
			4.040
-	-	-	4,013
-	62	601,952	6,748,213
633,150	-	-	2,740,254
-	-	-	187,204
-	-	-	8,821
-	-	-	4,000
-	-	-	7,326
	-	105,060	158,825
633,150	62	707,012	9,858,656
(101,825)	46,209	2,616,230	\$ 2,022,474
_	_	_	2,096,881
(36,051)	(5,009)	(2,311,000)	(3,217,323)
-	-	(=,0::,000)	1,373
(36,051)	(5,009)	(2,311,000)	(1,119,069)
(137,876)	41,200	305,230	903,405
716,504	13,058	4,426,948	8,992,103
\$ 578,628	\$ 54,258	\$ 4,732,178	\$ 9,895,508

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Accumulated Capital Outlay		Criminal Justice Construction		Courthouse Construction		Lake Siskiyou Trial Project		Jail Detention Facility		Totals
ASSETS					A 40.050						
Cash and Investments	\$	102,825	\$	99,878	\$	13,958	\$	3,325	\$	2,304,760	\$ 2,524,746
Receivables											
Accounts		-		6,200		123		-		-	6,323
Interest		389		324		50		12		8,852	9,627
Due from Other Governments		-		1		1					 2
Total Assets	\$	103,214	\$	106,403	\$	14,132	\$	3,337	\$	2,313,612	\$ 2,540,698
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,429	\$ 13,429
Due to Other Funds		-		106,402		-		-		1,192	107,594
Total Liabilities		-		106,402		=		-		14,621	121,023
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable Revenue				1		1					 2
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted		_		_		14,131		_		_	14,131
Committed		1		_				_		_	1
Assigned		103,213		_		_		3,337		2,298,991	2,405,541
Total Fund Balances		103,214		_		14,131		3,337		2,298,991	2,419,673
Total Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and											
Fund Balances	\$	103,214	\$	106,403	\$	14,132	\$	3,337	\$	2,313,612	\$ 2,540,698

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Accumulated Capital	Criminal Justice	Courthouse	Siskiyou Trial	Jail Detention	Tatala	
DEVENUE	Outlay	Construction	Construction	Project	Facility	Totals	
REVENUES Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ 80,700	\$ 2,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,302	
Use of Money and Property	6,447	1,209	406	114	18,176	26,352	
Total Revenues	6,447	81,909	3,008	114	18,176	109,654	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay	275,375	-	-	-	112,685	388,060	
Total Expenditures	275,375			-	112,685	388,060	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(268,928)	81,909	3,008	114	(94,509)	(278,406)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	133,303	- (106,402)	- -	<u>-</u>	2,393,500	2,526,803 (106,402)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	133,303	(106,402)			2,393,500	2,420,401	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(135,625)	(24,493)	3,008	114	2,298,991	2,141,995	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	238,839	24,493	11,123	3,223		277,678	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 103,214	\$ -	\$ 14,131	\$ 3,337	\$ 2,298,991	\$ 2,419,673	

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Juvenile Hall Ibank Debt Service			Pension Obligation onds 2007	Totals			
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	1,005	\$	1,204,389	\$	1,205,394		
Accounts		-		53,300		53,300		
Interest		4		5,605		5,609		
Due From Other Funds		106,402		_		106,402		
Total Assets	\$	107,411	\$	1,263,294	\$	1,370,705		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Due to Other Funds						_		
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES								
Assigned		107,411		1,263,294		1,370,705		
Total Fund Balances		107,411		1,263,294		1,370,705		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	107,411	\$	1,263,294	\$	1,370,705		

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Iba	enile Hall Ink Debt Service	C	Pension Obligation ands 2007	Totals
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	2,232	\$	43,957	\$ 46,189
Other Revenue				72,205	 72,205
Total Revenues		2,232		116,162	118,394
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government Debt Service:		4,073		1,331	5,404
Principal		61,241		505,000	566,241
Interest and Other Charges		42,734		848,154	890,888
Total Expenditures		108,048		1,354,485	1,462,533
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(105,816)		(1,238,323)	(1,344,139)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		106,402		1,362,360	 1,468,762
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		106,402		1,362,360	 1,468,762
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		586		124,037	124,623
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		106,825		1,139,257	 1,246,082
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	107,411	\$	1,263,294	\$ 1,370,705

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Fuel ervices	_	ommuni- cations	Automotive Services		Information Technology	
ASSETS	 						
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 58,384	\$	312,843	\$	51,315	\$	27,405
Receivables:							
Accounts Receivable	-		2,030		-		-
Interest	378		1,147		382		256
Intergovernmental	-		6,844		-		-
Due from Other Funds	81,038		22,277		-		-
Inventory	25,685		-		88,125		-
Total Current Assets	165,485		345,141		139,822		27,661
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted Cash and Investments	564		8,359		5,251		315
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable	2,970		8,505		-		21,745
Depreciable, Net	26,278		33,671		9,257		55,161
Total Noncurrent Assets	29,812		50,535		14,508		77,221
Total Assets	195,297		395,676		154,330		104,882
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Pension Adjustments	1,868		42,324		31,715		3,881
Deferred OPEB Adjustments	320		9,186		6,032		2,139
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,188		51,510		37,747		6,020

			Risk	Management						
 Liability	Unemployment		Workers' Compensation		Vision Insurance		elf Funded Dental nsurance	Totals		
\$ 1,737,346	\$	433,572	\$	493,969	\$ 39,745	\$	278,323	\$	3,432,902	
52,089 5,863 -		1,731 - -		1,259 - -	(735) 169 -		7,652 1,109 -		61,036 12,294 6,844 103,315	
1,795,298		435,303		495,228	 39,179		287,084		3,730,201	
-		-		-	-		-		14,489	
- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -		33,220 124,367 172,076	
1,795,298		435,303		495,228	39,179		287,084		3,902,277	
-		-		-	-		-		79,788 17,677	

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	5	Fuel Services	Communi- cations		Automotive Services		Information Technology	
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	2,622	\$	50,716	\$	838	\$	-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		350		9,587		6,313		3,894
Due to Other Funds		2,436		5,088		19,300		168
Compensated Absences		488		4,672		3,920		2,515
Estimated Claims Liability								=_
Total Current Liabilities		5,896	70,063			30,371		6,577
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences		-		6,768		2,073		-
Net Pension Liability		14,348		472,049		243,934		-
Net OPEB Obligation		8,102		232,310		152,546		54,095
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		22,450		711,127		398,553		54,095
Total Liabilities		28,346		781,190		428,924		60,672
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Pension Adjustments		328		13,151		5,282		-
Deferred OPEB Adjustments		1,212		34,761		22,826		8,094
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,540		47,912		28,108		8,094
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		29,248		42,176		9,257		76,906
Restricted		299		8,359		5,251		215
Unrestricted		138,052		(432,451)		(279,463)		(34,985)
Total Net Position	\$	167,599	\$	(381,916)	\$	(264,955)	\$	42,136

Rick	Managen	nant
LISI	ivialiaueli	ICIII

Totals		elf Funded Dental nsurance		Workers' Vision Unemployment Compensation Insurance		Unemployment		Liability		
	1 \$	11,141	\$ -	\$	410	\$	-	\$	51,536	\$
20,144	-	-	-		-		-		-	
27,018	-	-	-		13		-		13	
11,595	-	-	-		-		-		-	
1,760,749	- -		 		- 100		44,353		1,716,396	
1,936,769	1	11,141	-		423		44,353		1,767,945	
8,841	-	-	-		_		-		-	
730,331	-	-	-		-		-		-	
447,053	<u>-</u> –	-	-				-		-	
3,122,994	1	11,141	-		423		44,353		1,767,945	
18,761	_	<u>-</u>	_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
66,893	-	-	_		_		-		-	
85,654		-	-				-			
157,587	_	_	_		_		_		_	
24,124	-	-	-		_		-		10,000	
609,383	3	275,943	39,179		494,805		390,950		17,353	
791,094	3_\$	275,943	\$ 39,179	\$	494,805	\$	390,950	\$	27,353	\$

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Fuel Services		Communi- cations		 utomotive Services	Information Technology	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	672,884	\$	362,291	\$ 417,724	\$	1,040,274
Rental Income		-		3,830	-		-
Other Revenues					 488		
Total Operating Revenues		672,884		366,121	418,212		1,040,274
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and Benefits		12,134		317,428	210,596		127,894
Services and Supplies		666,380		160,227	323,423		954,924
Depreciation		673		4,389	1,236		20,823
Total Operating Expenses		679,187		482,044	535,255		1,103,641
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(6,303)		(115,923)	(117,043)		(63,367)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest Income		3,899		12,503	5,791		1,492
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		3,899		12,503	5,791		1,492
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS, AND SPECIAL ITEMS		(2,404)		(103,420)	(111,252)		(61,875)
Transfers In		_		_	-		=
Transfers Out		(172)		(5,233)	(3,049)		(1,392)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(172)		(5,233)	(3,049)		(1,392)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,576)		(108,653)	(114,301)		(63,267)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		170,175		(273,263)	 (150,654)		105,403
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	167,599	\$	(381,916)	\$ (264,955)	\$	42,136

Pick	Managemen ³
KISK	Managemen

			L/IOV	ivianagement					
1.1.100				Workers'		Vision		elf Funded Dental	T
 Liability	Une	employment		mpensation	In	surance		nsurance	Totals
\$ 1,600,000	\$	100,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	37,849	\$	621,074	\$ 6,552,096 3,830
2,195				350,186		3,152		96,306	452,327
 1,602,195		100,000		2,050,186	-	41,001	-	717,380	 7,008,253
1,002,195		100,000		2,050,160		41,001		717,300	7,000,233
-		-		<u>-</u>		-		-	668,052
2,616,176		113,774		1,956,595		73,448		631,817	7,496,764
_		_		-		_		-	27,121
2,616,176		113,774		1,956,595		73,448		631,817	8,191,937
(1,013,981)		(13,774)		93,591		(32,447)		85,563	(1,183,684)
167,379		16,038		1,711_		2,308		8,728	219,849
167,379		16,038		1,711		2,308		8,728	219,849
(846,602)		2,264		95,302		(30,139)		94,291	(963,835)
250,000		-		-		-		-	250,000
 									 (9,846)
250,000		-		-		-		-	240,154
(596,602)		2,264		95,302		(30,139)		94,291	(723,681)
623,955		388,686		399,503		69,318		181,652	1,514,775
\$ 27,353	\$	390,950	\$	494,805	\$	39,179	\$	275,943	\$ 791,094

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	,	Fuel Services		communi- cations	Automotive Services		Information Technology	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from Interfund Services Payments to Suppliers	\$	673,091 (654,091)	\$	361,392 (115,066)	\$	418,212 (325,312)	\$	1,040,274 (969,569)
Payments to Employees		(9,284)		(259,512)		(176,014)		(65,157)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		9,716		(13,186)		(83,114)		5,548
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		·		, , ,		, ,		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers from (to) Other Funds		(12,684)		(10,478)		(26,585)		(1,453)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(12,684)		(10,478)		(26,585)		(1,453)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(29,921)		(16,842)		(6,982)		(8,751)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(29,921)		(16,842)		(6,982)		(8,751)
Ü		, , ,		, , ,		,		,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		4.005		40.470		0.470		4.547
Interest Received (Paid) Net Cash Provided (Used) by		4,235		12,179		6,173		1,517
Investing Activities		4,235		12,179		6,173		1,517
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND								
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(28,654)		(28,327)		(110,508)		(3,139)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		87,602		349,529		167,074		30,859
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	58,948	\$	321,202	\$	56,566	\$	27,720

Risk Management

Liability	Unemployment		Workers' Compensation		Vision Insurance		elf Funded Dental nsurance	Totals
\$ 1,550,106 (867,561)	\$	100,000 (139,993)	\$	2,050,186 (1,956,756)	\$ 40,987 (77,929)	\$	708,517 (643,893)	\$ 6,942,765 (5,750,170) (509,967)
682,545		(39,993)		93,430	(36,942)		64,624	682,628
249,995				(5)	 			 198,790
249,995		-		(5)	-		-	198,790
				<u>-</u>				(62,496)
-		-		-	-		-	(62,496)
164,307		16,464		1,398	2,473		8,384	217,130
164,307		16,464		1,398	 2,473		8,384	217,130
1,096,847		(23,529)		94,823	(34,469)		73,008	1,036,052
640,499		457,101		399,146	 74,214		205,315	 2,411,339
\$ 1,737,346	\$	433,572	\$	493,969	\$ 39,745	\$	278,323	\$ 3,447,391

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Fuel Services		Communi- cations		Automotive Services		ormation chnology
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(6,303)	\$	(115,923)	\$	(117,043)	\$	(63,367)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	·	(-,,	·	(-,,	·	, , , , ,	·	(,,
Depreciation		673		4,389		1,236		20,823
(Increase) Decrease in:								
Accounts Receivable		207		(4,729)		-		-
Inventory		9,865		-		225		-
Deferred Outflows of Resources		649		30,351		12,238		(5,861)
Increase (Decrease) in:								
Accounts Payable		2,424		45,161		(2,114)		(14,645)
Salaries and Benefits Payable		101		(2,755)		(748)		3,894
Deferred Inflows of Resources		474		10,359		7,380		8,094
Net Pension Liability		213		8,448		4,286		-
Compensated Absences Payable		10		(3,178)		(458)		2,515
Claims Liability		-		-		-		-
Net OPEB Obligation		1,403		14,691		11,884		54,095
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities	\$	9,716	\$	(13,186)	\$	(83,114)	\$	5,548

			Risk N	Management				
 Liability	Une	mployment_		Vorkers' npensation	Vision surance	I	f Funded Dental surance	 Totals
\$ (1,013,981)	\$	(13,774)	\$	93,591	\$ (32,447)	\$	85,563	\$ (1,183,684)
-		-		-	-		-	27,121
(52,089)		-		-	(14)		(8,863)	(65,488)
-		-		-	-		-	10,090 37,377
32,219		(29,967)		(161)	(4,481)		(12,076)	16,360 492
-		-		-	-		-	26,307
-		-		-	-		-	12,947
- 1,716,396		3,748		-	-		-	(1,111) 1,720,144
		3,740 -			 			82,073
\$ 682,545	\$	(39,993)	\$	93,430	\$ (36,942)	\$	64,624	\$ 682,628

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Districts Governend by Local Boards	School Funds	Debt Service Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,826,811	\$ 58,883,323	\$ 7,919,542
Cash with Fiscal Agent	200		
Total Assets	5,827,011	58,883,323	7,919,542
NET POSITION			
Net Position Held in Trust for Investment Pool Participants	\$ 5,827,011	\$ 58,883,323	\$ 7,919,542

College Funds	Trial Court and LAFCO	Totals
\$ 7,240,806	\$ 241,677 -	\$ 80,112,159 200
7,240,806	241,677	80,112,359
\$ 7,240,806	\$ 241,677	\$ 80,112,359

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ADDITIONS	Special Districts Governed by Local Boards	Debt Service Funds		
ADDITIONS Contributions:				
Contributions: Contributions to Investment Pool Total Additions	\$ 6,312,778 6,312,778	\$ 140,749,108 140,749,108	\$ 3,140,865 3,140,865	
DEDUCTIONS				
Distributions from Investment Pool Total Deductions	5,814,259 5,814,259	137,769,826 137,769,826	2,367,373 2,367,373	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	498,519	2,979,282	773,492	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,328,492	55,904,041	7,146,050	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,827,011	\$ 58,883,323	\$ 7,919,542	

College Funds	Trial Court and LAFCO	Total Investment Trust Funds
\$ 37,974,588 37,974,588	\$ 34,801 34,801	\$ 188,212,140 188,212,140
38,466,835 38,466,835	33,556 33,556	184,451,849 184,451,849
(492,247)	1,245	3,760,291
7,733,053	240,432	76,352,068
\$ 7,240,806	\$ 241,677	\$ 80,112,359

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Una	Accrued Unapportioned Interest Trust Fund		Accrued apportioned Tax Frust Fund	County epartmental ency Funds	Total		
ASSETS					 			
Cash and Investments	\$	384,223	\$	-	\$ 4,633,549	\$	5,017,772	
Taxes Receivable		-		4,466,421	-		4,466,421	
Due from Other Funds				_	3,174,669		3,174,669	
Total Assets	\$	384,223	\$	4,466,421	\$ 7,808,218	\$	12,658,862	
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	3,159,134	\$ -	\$	3,159,134	
Agency Obligations		384,223		1,307,287	 7,808,218		9,499,728	
Total Liabilities	\$	384,223	\$	4,466,421	\$ 7,808,218	\$	12,658,862	

COUNTY OF SISKIYOU COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions & Adjustments	Deductions & Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2019
Accrued Unapportioned Interest Trust Fund				
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223
Total Assets	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223
LIABILITIES Agency Obligations	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223
Total Liabilities	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223	\$ 466,681	\$ 384,223
Accrued Unapportioned Tax Trust Fund				
ASSETS Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$ 512,766 4,201,279	\$ - 4,466,421	\$ 512,766 4,201,279	\$ - 4,466,421
Total Assets	\$ 4,714,045	\$ 4,466,421	\$ 4,714,045	\$ 4,466,421
LIABILITIES Due to other funds AgencyObligations	\$ 3,633,769 1,080,275	\$ 3,159,134 1,307,287	\$ 3,633,769 1,080,275	\$ 3,159,134 1,307,287
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,714,044	\$ 4,466,421	\$ 4,714,044	\$ 4,466,421
County Departmental Agency Funds				
ASSETS Cash and Investments Due from other funds	\$ 3,829,513 3,633,769	\$ 4,633,549 3,174,669	\$ 3,829,513 3,633,769	\$ 4,633,549 3,174,669
Total Assets	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218
LIABILITIES Agency Obligations	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218
Total Liabilities	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218	\$ 7,463,282	\$ 7,808,218